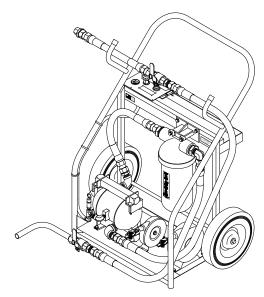


OPERATION & SERVICE MANUAL



Model: 07-3000-1921 Defueler



06/2007 - Rev. 07

REVISION	DATE	TEXT AFFECTED
03	2/14/04	pg 3 Changed Item 1
04	09/2004	pg 1 Added 50 psi Safety Valve
		pg 3 Added Item 21
		pg 4 Modified Illustration
05	03/2006	Modified parts list and illustration
06	08/2006	Major revision – filter
07	06/2007	2.0 Specifications – Changed Finish color

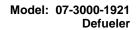




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This product can not be modified without the written approval of Tronair, Inc. Any modifications done without written approval voids all warranties and releases Tronair, Inc., it suppliers, distributors, employees, or financial institutions from any liability from consequences that may occur. Only Tronair OEM replacement parts shall be used.

1.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Tronair Defueler is designed to provide a safe and efficient way to defuel aircraft. In the process, fuel is cleaned.

2.0 SPECIFICATIONS

- Overall Height: 41"
 Overall Width: 34-3/8"
 Overall Depth: 25-3/4"
 Weight: 140 pounds
- Finish: Tronair Blue Acrylic Enamel
 Welded cart with 12" diameter wheels
- Tool Tray
- Air operated diaphragm pump
 - 15 GPM maximum flow
 - 50 PSI maximum operating pressure
- 50 PSI Safety valve
- Air inlet control valve
- ½ micron fuel filtration (98% particle removal efficiency)
- 20 foot and 50 foot static discharge reels
- 40 foot suction hose with shutoff valve
- 15 foot discharge hose with shutoff valve and hose swivel
- Various suction hose adaptors

3.0 PREPARATION FOR USE

The Tronair Defueler is shipped fully assembled and is ready to use after unpacking. Generally inspect unit and check fittings for tightness after shipment.

• Install proper size male end ship air quick 1/4 inch pipe nipple located at air inlet control valve. **Male quick disconnect fitting not provided with unit.**

4.0 OPERATION

4.1 USAGE

To use your Defueler, follow these steps below:

- a. Attach one static discharge cable clamp to ground point of aircraft or holding tank the fuel is to be pumped from.
- b. Attach the other static discharge cable clamp to ground point of aircraft or holding tank the fuel is to be pumped to.



CAUTION!

To prevent possible explosion, static discharge cable must be connected to proper grounds.

- c. Select proper suction fitting or hose to be used and securely fasten (or insert in) to aircraft or holding tank.
- d. With suction, discharge and air inlet valves closed, connect shop air hose to Defueler.
- e. Regulate pressure to 50 PSIG maximum.
- f. Open suction valve.
- g. Open air inlet valve.
- h. Insert discharge tube onto the storage tank that is to be receiving the fuel, and slowly open discharge valves.

NOTE: Fuel flow can be controlled by either the air control valve (primary control) or the discharge hose shutoff valve (Secondary control).

4.2 MISCELLANEOUS

The pump can run "dry" without damage, therefore, to rid defueler hoses of as much fuel as possible leave pump operate until fuel flow ends from discharge tube.

NOTE: If a loss in flow is noticed, the filter elements are becoming blocked off with dirt. When flow is cut drastically, replace elements.

NOTE: For aviation fuel service please refer to cartridge operating procedures that are supplied with each cartridge shipment.



Model: 07-3000-1921

5.0 GUARANTEES/LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Tronair products are warranted to be free of manufacturing or material defects for a period of one year after shipment to the original customer. This is solely limited to the repair or replacement of defective components. This warranty does not cover the following items:

- a) Parts required for normal maintenance
- b) Parts covered by a component manufacturers warranty
- c) Replacement parts have a 90-day warranty from date of shipment

If you have a problem that may require service, contact Tronair immediately. Do not attempt to repair or disassemble a product without first contacting Tronair, any action may affect warranty coverage. When you contact Tronair be prepared to provide the following information:

- a) Product Model Number
- b) Product Serial Number
- c) Description of the problem

If warranty coverage is approved, either replacement parts will be sent or the product will have to be returned to Tronair for repairs. If the product is to be returned, a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number will be issued for reference purposes on any shipping documents. Failure to obtain a RMA in advance of returning an item will result in a service fee. A decision on the extent of warranty coverage on returned products is reserved pending inspection at Tronair. Any shipments to Tronair must be shipped freight prepaid. Freight costs on shipments to customers will be paid by Tronair on any warranty claims only. Any unauthorized modification of the Tronair products or use of the Tronair products in violation of cautions and warnings in any manual (including updates) or safety bulletins published or delivered by Tronair will immediately void any warranty, express or implied.

The obligations of Tronair expressly stated herein are in lieu of all other warranties or conditions expressed or implied. Any unauthorized modification of the Tronair products or use of the Tronair products in violations of cautions and warnings in any manual (including updates) or safety bulletins published or delivered by Tronair will immediately void any warranty, express or implied and Tronair disclaims any and all liability for injury (WITHOUT LIMITATION and including DEATH), loss or damage arising from or relating to such misuse.

6.0 APPENDICES

APPENDIX I Lincoln Diaphragm Pump Series "A" Owner/Operator Manual APPENDIX II Static Discharge Grounding Reel Installation/Operation Instruction

APPENDIX III Differential Pressure Gauge APPENDIX IV Declaration of Conformity

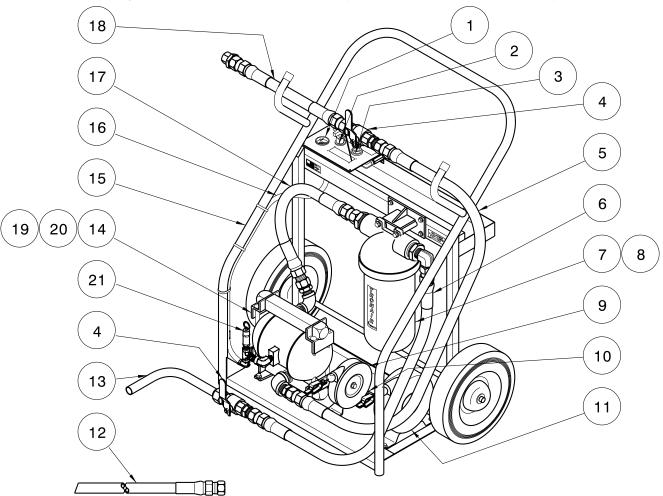
Additional Documents:

Velcon Band Clamp Assembly Installation Instructions for VF-61

Velcon Filter Information for 512 PL1/2



Parts List
When ordering replacement parts/kits, please specify model, serial number and color of your unit.



Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	HC-1831	Gauge, Pressure	1
2	HC-1081-01	Assembly, Needle Valve (See Page 5)	1
3	H-1397	Regulator	1
4	HC-1119	Valve, Ball, 1" NPT	2
5	TF-1050-02*480	Assembly, Suction Hose	1
6	TF-1050-02*180	Assembly, Discharge Hose	1
7	Z-5037	Assembly, Filter	1
9	H-1187	Reel, Static Discharge, 20 foot	1
10	EC-1572-02*09.0	Wire, Electrical 4 AWG GRN/YLW (Requires 2 EC-1034-13 per Wire)	2
11	H-1186	Reel, Static Discharge, 50 foot	1
12	TF-1051-01*48.0	Hose, Suction Adapter	1
13	HC-1124	Assembly, Discharge Tube	1
15	H-2477-01	Cart	1
16	TF-1064-06*36.0	Hose, 3/8" I.D. x 36" long	1
17	TF-1050-02*23.0	Hose	1
18	TF-1050-02*18.0	Assembly, Suction Hose	1
21	PC-1017-02-50	Valve, Safety	1



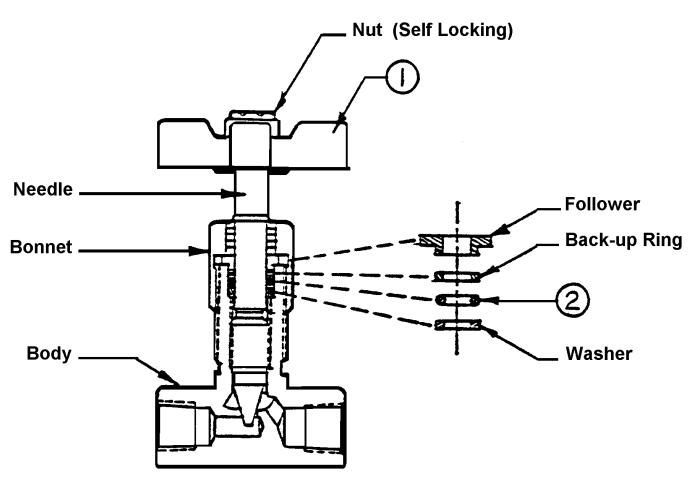
Parts List
When ordering replacement parts/kits, please specify model, serial number and color of your unit.

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
8	K-4035	Kit, Filter Element Replacement; consists of:	
	H-2938	Element, Filter	1
	HC-2000-257	O-ring, Series 2	1
**14	K-3688	Kit, Pump Replacement; consists of:	
	G-1100-106012	Bolt, Hex Head Grade 5, 5/16 - 18	4
	G-1202-1060	ESN, 5/16 – 18	4
	G-1250-1060N	Flatwasher, 5/16 Narrow	8
	H-1561-11	Clamp, 2-Ear hose	1
	Z-4256	Assembly, Pump	1
19	K-3181	Kit, (Pump) Diaphragm; consists of:	
		O-ring, Valve Seal (Reference Lincoln Literature)	4
		Diaphragm (Reference Lincoln Literature)	2
20	K-3182	Kit, (Pump) Air Valve Seal; consists of:	
		Gasket, Air Valve (Reference Lincoln Literature)	1
		O-ring, Air Valve Cap (Reference Lincoln Literature)	2
		O-ring, Center Block (Reference Lincoln Literature)	4
N/S	K-4033	Kit, Differential Pressure Gauge; consists of:	
	H-2944	Pressure Gauge	1

^{**} See attached Lincoln Pump parts list. Lincoln Pump Model 85634 with BUNA-N seals.



Needle Valve Assembly



VALVE REPLACEMENT PARTS

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	HC-1082	Handle, Valve	1
2	HC-2000-011 (2-011-N674-70)	O-ring	1

VALVE REPLACEMENT PARTS



APPENDIX I

Lincoln
Diaphragm pump Series "A"
Owner/Operator Manual



1" Aluminum UL Listed Double Diaphragm Pump Models 85634 & 85635





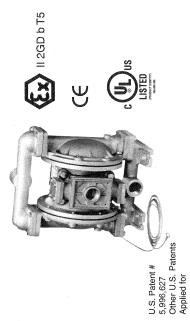
(Ex) II 2GD b T5

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Grounding The Pump

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Models 85634 & 85635

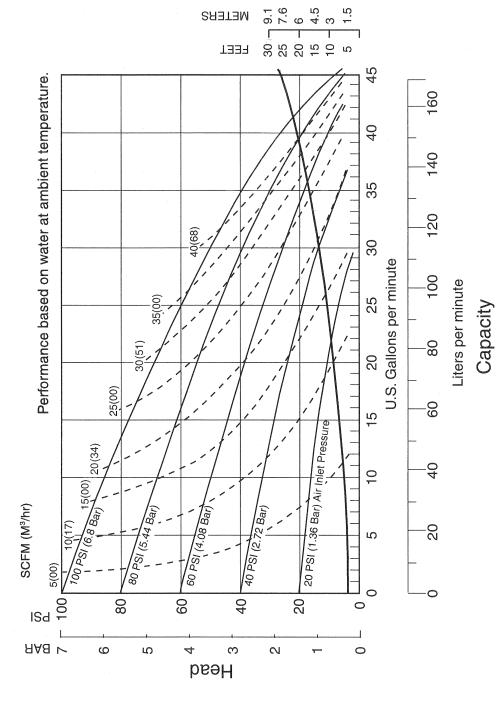
Air-Powered Double-Diaphragm Pump

ENGINEERING, PERFORMANCE & CONSTRUCTION DATA

INTAKE/DISCHARGE PIPE SIZE 1" NPT[internal] 1" BSPT Tapered (internal)	CAPACITY 0 to 45 gallons per minute (0 to 170 liters per minute)	AIR VALVE No-lube, no-stall design	SOLIDS-HANDLING Up to .25 in. (6mm)	HEADS UP TO 125 psi or 289 ft. of water (8.6 Kg/cm² or 86 meters)	DISPLACEMENT/STROKE	ш
CAUTION! Operatii	CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:	s are as follows:		C	7 Tomporatires	
Materials				Maximum	Operating remperatures	
Buna General purpose, oil-resistant. Show Should not be used with highly polar so hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	Buna General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	draulic fluid resistance. ozone, chlorinated		190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C	
Neoprene All purpose. Resistant to vegets fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Gesters, nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated	Neoprene All purpose. Resistant to vegetable oil. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing adds, ketones, esters, nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.	cted by moderate chemicals, g oxidizing acids, ketones,		170°F 77°C	-10°F -23°C	
Virgin PTFE Chemically inert, virtually imported in the PTFE: molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride while	Virgin PTFE Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to react chemica PTFE: moiten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chiorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberare free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	Virgin PTFE Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to react chemically with PTFE: moiten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chiorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberare free fluorine at elevated temperatures.		212°F 100°C	-35°F -37°C	
Polypropylene				150°F 65°C	-40°F -40°C	
Polyethylene				180°F 82°C	-40°F -40°C	

For specific applications, always consult a "Chemical Resistance Chart"

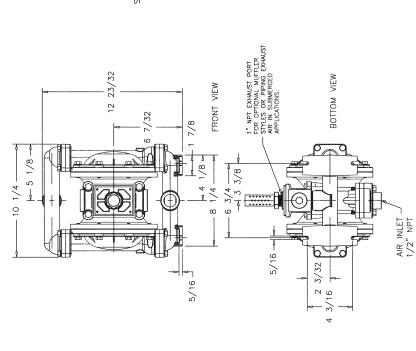
Performance Curve, Models 85634 & 85635

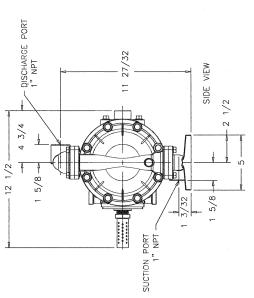


NPSHR

Dimensions: Models 85634 & 85635

Dimensions in Inches Dimensional Tolerance:±1/8"





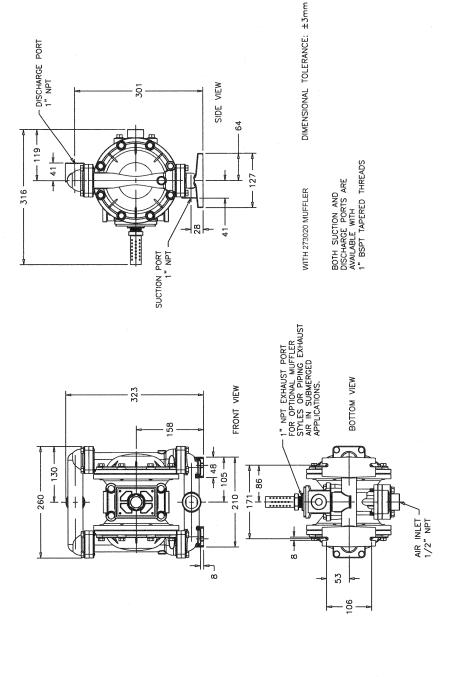
WITH 273020 MUFFLER

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES
DIMENSIONAL TOLERANCE: ±1/8

BOTH SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PORTS ARE AVAILABLE WITH 1" BSPT TAPERED THREADS

Metric Dimensions: 85634 & 85635

Dimensions in Millimeters Dimensional Tolerance:±3mm



is pulled to perform the suction stroke discharged from the opposite side of the discharge stroke which allows the pump This ball type check valve pump is powered by compressed air and is a 1:1 atio design. The inner side of one diaphragm chamber is alternately pressurized while simultaneously exhausting the other inner chamber. This causes the diaphragms, which are connected by a common rod secured by plates to the centers of the diaphragms, to move in a reciprocating action. (As one diaphragm performs the discharge stroke the other diaphragm in the opposite chamber.) Air pressure is applied over the entire inner surface of the diaphragm while liquid is diaphragm. The diaphragm operates in balanced condition during the to be operated at discharge heads over 200 feet (61 meters) of water.

For maximum diaphragm life, keep the pump as close to the liquid being pumped as possible. Positive suction head in excess of 10 feet of liquid (3.048 meters) may require a back pressure regulating device to maximize diaphragm life.

Alternate pressurizing and exhausting of the diaphragm chamber is performed by an externally mounted, pilot operated, four way spool type air distribution valve. When the spool shifts to one end of the valve body, inlet pressure is applied to one diaphragm chamber and the other diaphragm chamber exhausts. When the spool shifts to the opposite end of the valve

body, the pressure to the chambers is reversed. The air distribution valve spool is moved by a internal pilot valve which alternately pressurizes one end of the air distribution valve spool while exhausting the other end. The pilot valve is shifted at each end of the diaphragm stroke when a actuator plunger is contacted by the diaphragm plate. This actuator plunger then pushes the end of the pilot valve spool into position to activate the air distribution valve.

The chambers are connected with manifolds with a suction and discharge check valve for each chamber, maintaining flow in one direction through the pump.

INSTALLATION AND START-UP

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

For installations of rigid piping, short sections of flexible conductive hose should be installed between the pump and the piping. The flexible conductive hose reduces vibration and strain to the pumping system. A surge suppressor is recommended to further reduce pulsation in flow.

AIR SUPPLY

Air supply pressure cannot exceed 125 psi (8.6 bar). Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply of sufficient capacity and pressure required for desired performance. When the air supply line is solid piping, use a short length of flexible conductive hose not less than 1/2"

(13mm) in diameter between the pump and the piping to reduce strain to the piping. The weight of the air supply line, regulators and filters must be supported by some means other than the air inlet cap. Failure to provide support for the piping may result in damage to the pump. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

AIR VALVE LUBRICATION

operation. Consult the pump's published lubrication. This is the preferred mode of operation. There may be instances of personal preference or poor quality air supplies when lubrication of the compressed air supply is required. The properly lubricated compressed air supply. Proper lubrication requires the air the pump consumes at the point of The air distribution valve and the pilot valve are designed to operate WITHOUT pump air system will operate with one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of use of an air line lubricator set to deliver Performance Curve to determine this.

AIR LINE MOISTURE

Water in the compressed air supply can create problems such as icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer to supplement the user's air drying equipment. This device removes water from the compressed air supply and alleviates the icing or freezing problems.

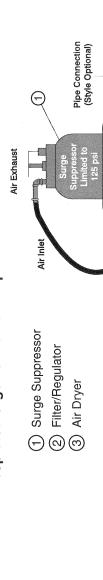
AIR INLET AND PRIMING

To start the pump, open the air valve approximately 1/2" to 3/4" turn. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.

BETWEEN USES

When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify when not in motion, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. (Product remaining in the pump between uses could dry out or settle out. This could cause problems with the diaphragms and check valves at restart.) In freezing temperatures the pump must be completely drained between uses in all cases.

INSTALLATION GUIDE Top Discharge Ball Valve Pump



A CAUTION

Use a gasoline-resistant pipe compound to make pipe joints tight.

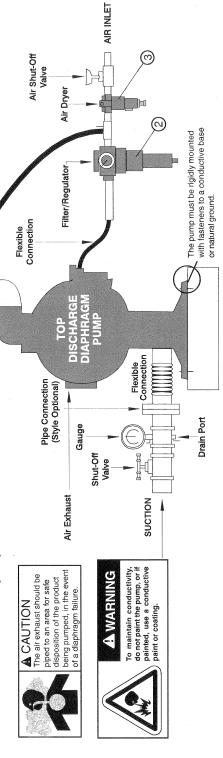
DISCHARGE

Drain Port

Shut-Off Valve

Flexible Connection

Pump shall be installed in accordance to Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code, NFPA 30 or the Automotive and Marine Service Station Code, NFPA 30A, as appropriate to the intended use of the pump.



IROUBLESHOOTING

- Pump will not cycle. Possible Symptoms:
- Pump cycles, but produces no flow.
- Pump cycles, but flow rate is unsatisfactory.
- Pump cycle seems unbalanced.
- Pump cycle seems to produce excessive vibration.

What to Check: Excessive suction lift in system.

Corrective Action: For lifts exceeding 20 feet (6 meters), filling the pumping chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.

What to Check: Excessive flooded suction in system.

Corrective Action: For flooded conditions exceeding 10 feet (3 meters) of liquid, install a back pressure device.

What to Check: System head exceeds

pressure to the pump. Most diaphragm Corrective Action: Increase the inlet air pumps are designed for 1:1 pressure air supply pressure. atio at zero flow.

What to Check: Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system head.

PERFORMANCE CURVE. Pump is Corrective Action: Decrease inlet air pressure and volume to the pump as calculated on the published cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.

Corrective Action: Meet or exceed pump connection recommendations What to Check: Undersized suction line. shown on the DIMENSIONAL DRAWING.

What to Check: Restricted or undersized air line.

Corrective Action: Install a larger air line and connection. Refer to air inlet recommendations shown in your pump's SERVICE MANUAL

Corrective Action: Visually inspect all

or air in product.

What to Check: Suction side air leakage

suction side gaskets and pipe

connections.

What to Check: Obstructed check Corrective Action: Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge Refer to the Check Valve section of the

valve.

obstruction in the check valve pocket

SERVICE MANUAL

dwnd

disassembly instructions.

Externally Serviceable Air Distribution What to Check: Check ESADS, the System of the pump.

Check for clogged discharge or closed Corrective Action: Disassemble and Refer to the parts drawing and air valve inspect the main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators. section of the SERVICE MANUAL valve before reassembly.

What to Check: Rigid pipe connections Corrective Action: Install flexible connectors and a surge suppressor. to pump.

Replace if necessary. Refer to Check

MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Blocked air exhaust

Corrective Action: Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction

screens and strainers.

What to Check: Blocked suction line.

Corrective Action: Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice and reinstall. Refer to the Air Exhaust section of your pump SERVICE MANUAL. What to Check: Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler

Corrective Action: Check for obstruction

or closed discharge line valves.

What to Check: Blocked discharge line.

What to Check: Blocked pumping Corrective Action: Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly. Refer

to the Diaphragm Replacement section

of your pump SERVICE MANUAL.

Corrective Action: Disassemble and inspect the wetted chambers of the pump. Remove or flush any obstructions. Refer to the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

Corrective Action: Purge chambers PURGING THE CHAMBERS OF AIR CAN BE DANGEROUS! Contact the Technical Services Department before performing this procedure. Any model What to Check: Entrained air or vapor with top-ported discharge will reduce or through tapped chamber vent plugs. lock in one or both pumping chambers. eliminate problems with entrained air.

If your pump continues to perform below your expectations, contact your local Distributor or factory Technical Services Group for a service evaluation

WARRANTY

What to Check: Worn or misaligned Corrective Action: Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper seating. Valve section of the pump SERVICE

check valve or check valve seat.

Refer to the enclosed Warranty Certificate

RECYCLING

Many components of LINCOLN® Metallic AODD pumps are made of 10 for material specifications). We after any hazardous pumped fluids are recyclable materials (see chart on page encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, thoroughly flushed.

www.warrenrupp.com. The Pumping Directive and Machinery, and ATEX 100a Directive 94/9/EC Equipment For reference to the Pump complies with EN809 Directive 98/37/EC Safety of for use in potentially directive certificates visit: notified body ExplosiveEnvironments. technical fileis stored at 0344, under document KEMA,



organization for testing products to ensure public Inc., an Internationally Underwriters Laboratories, recognized independent

#203040000.



A WARNING

Do not smoke near the pump or use the pump near an open flame. Fire or explosion could result.



Do not use this pump with portable water or fluids for human consumption.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION



A IMPORTANT Read these safety warnings

sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids.

Take action to prevent static

A WARNING

containers or other miscellaneous equipment must

The pump, piping, valves,

installation and start-up of the pump. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual completely, before and instructions in this

manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.



A CAUTION

inspect all gasketed fasteners for looseness Before pump operation,

caused by gasket creep.

Re-torque loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



AWARNING

Before maintenance or repair, shut off the com-pressed air line, bleed the

The discharge line may be pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump.

The discharge line may be pressurized and must be bled of its pressure.





In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the

pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product which is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposition.

during operation. Always make certain that all bolting all of the correct bolting is reinstalled during assembly. is in good condition and that

This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure

A WARNING

page

(See

grounded.

When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly. 4 WARNING



A WARNING

tenance on the pump, be certain all pressure is completely vented from the Before doing any main

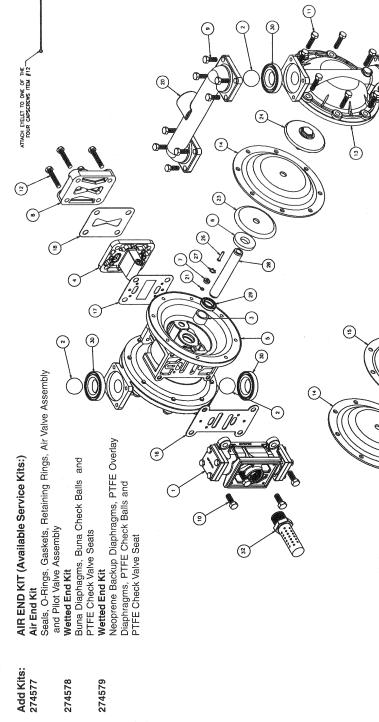
piping, and all other openings and connections. Be certain the air supply is locked out or made pump, suction, discharge non-operational, so that it cannot be started while work is being done on the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn all times in the vicinity of the pump. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death. (1)



4 WARNING

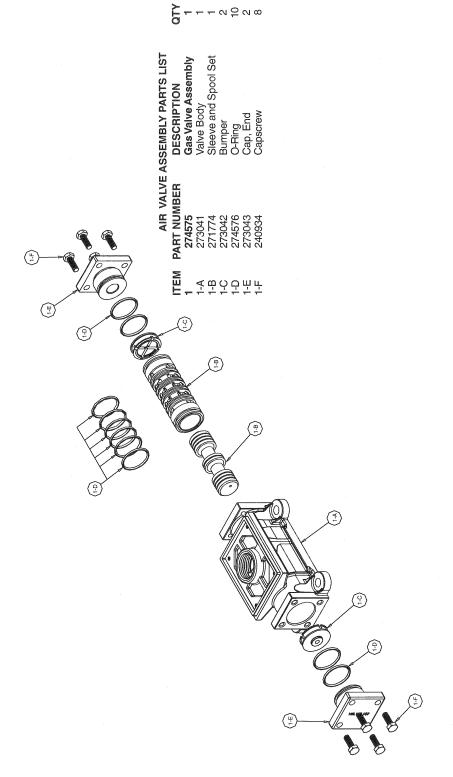
Airborne particles and loud noise hazards.

Composite Repair Parts Drawing



	ΩT	Ø		-	_	Ψ	_	N	7	7	S	C	I —	- c	1	4	_	-	
	DESCRIPTION	Diaphragm, PTFE Overlay	Gasket, Air Valve	Gasket, Pilot Valve	Gasket, Air Inlet	Manifold, Suction	Manifold, Discharge	O-Ring	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	Plate, Outer Diaphragm Assembly	Pin. Actuator	Ring Betaining	Bod Diaphradm	000 LOUR BUTTON	Ocal, O-Oup	Seat, Check Ball	Ground Strap	Metal Muffler	
	PART NUMBER	240749	271795	271796	273018	271823	274571	274572	240729	240728	271825	240717	271826	24020	2-10-12	274573	274574	273020	
	ITEM	15	16	17	92	19	8	7	প্ত	24	8	22	i g	3 8	3 3	ස	31	32	
	QTY	-	4	4	2	•		ς.	۱۵	1	- 5	<u>o</u> .	4	16	4	r (7	α.	0
air Parts List	DESCRIPTION	Air Valve Assembly	Ball, Buna N Check	Ball, PTFE Check	Bushing	Pilot Valve Assembly	Intermediate	Bimper	Bushing	Can Air Inlat Assembly	Cap, All linet Assertibily	Capscrew, Hex Hd 5/16-18 X.88	Capscrew, Hex Hd 3/8-16 X 1.00	Capscrew, Hex Hd 5/16-18 X 1.25	Cancoraw Hav Hd 5/16-18 X 1 75	Capsciew, liex 11d 3/10-10 A 1.13	Chamber, Outer	Diaphragm, Buna N	Diaphragm, Neoprene
Composite Repair	PART NUMBER																		
Con	ITEM	-	α		က	4	ĸ) (C	· /	- a	ာ်	Ď	9	-	5	4	<u>13</u>	4	

Air Valve Assembly Drawing, Parts List



AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE

To service the air valve first shut off the compressed air, bleed pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

STEP #1: See COMPOSITE REPAIR PARTS DRAWING.

Using a 9/16" wrench or socket, remove the four hex head capscrews (item 10). Remove the air valve assembly from the pump.

Remove and inspect gasket (item 16) for cracks or damage. Replace gasket if needed.

STEP #2: Disassembly of the air

Using a 7/16" wrench or socket, remove the eight hex caprscrews (item 1-F) that fasten the end caps to the valve body.

Next remove the two end caps (items 1-E). Inspect two o-rings (items 1-D) on each end cap for damage or wear.

Replace the o-rings as needed.
Remove the bumpers (items 1-C).
Inspect the bumpers for damage or wear.

Remove the spool (part of item 1-A) from the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the outer diameter of the spool. Wipe spool with a soft cloth and inspect for scratches or wear.

Inspect the inner diameter of the sleeve (part of item 1-A) for dirt, scratches, or other contaminants. Remove the sleeve if needed and replace with a new sleeve and spool set (item 1-A).

STEP #3: Reassembly of the air

valve.

Install one bumper (item 1-C) and one end cap (item 1-E) with two o-rings (item 1-D) and fasten with four hex capscrews (items (1-F) to the valve body (items 1-

Remove the new sleeve an spool set (item 1-A) from the plastic bag. Carefully remove the spool from the sleeve. Install the six o-rings (item 1-G) into the six grooves on the sleeve. Apply a light coating of grease to the o-rings before installing the sleeve into the valve body (item 1-B), align the slots in the sleeve with the slots in the valve body. Insert the spool into the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the spool during installation. Push the spool in until it

touches the bumper on the opposite end.
Install the remaining bumper, end cap
(with o-rings), and fasten with the
remaining hex capscrews.

Fasten the air valve assembly (item 1) and gasket (item 16) to the pump.

Connect the compressed air line to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.



IMPORTANT

Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain

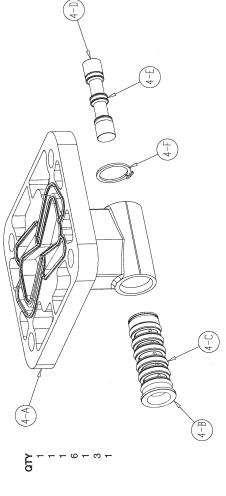
this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

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Pilot Valve Servicing, Assembly Drawing & Parts List

PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

DESCRIPTION	Pilot Valve Assembly	Valve Body	Sleeve (With O-rings)	O-ring (Sleeve)	Spool (With O-rings)	O-ring (Spool)	Retaining Ring
PART NUMBER	274583	274584	274585	274586	274587	274588	274589
TEM	4	4-A	4-B	4-C	4-D	4-E	4-F



PILOT VALVE SERVICING

To service the pilot valve first shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. STEP #1: See pump assembly

Remove the air inlet cap (item 8) and air inlet gasket (item 18). The pilot valve assembly (item 4) can now be removed Using a 1/2" wrench or socket, remove the four capscrews (item 12). for inspection and service.

necessary

STEP #3: Re-assembly of the pilot STEP #2: Disassembly of the pilot

Remove the pilot valve spool (item

4-D). Wipe clean and inspect spool and o-rings for dirt, cuts or wear. Replace the Remove the retaining ring (item 4-F) from the end of the sleeve (item 4-B) and remove the sleeve from the valve body (item 4-A). Wipe clean and inspect Replace the o-rings and sleeve if sleeve and o-rings for dirt, cuts or wear.

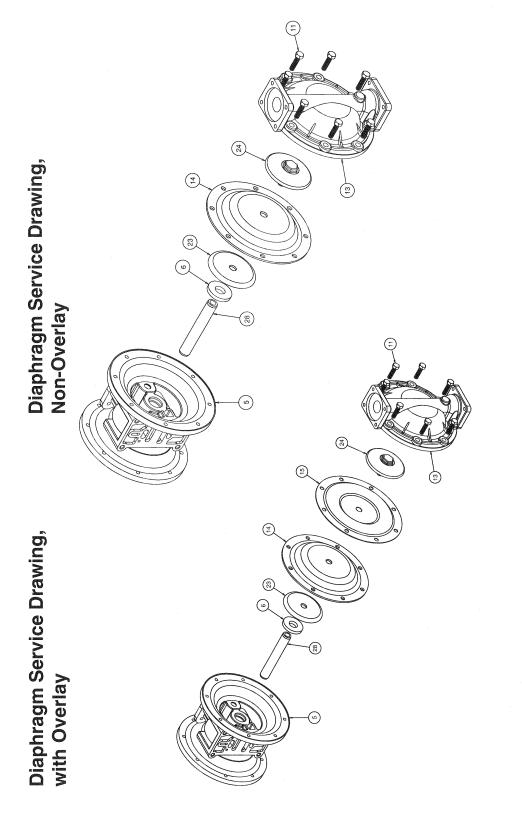
o-rings and spool if necessary.

diameter of the sleeve and o-rings. Then Generously lubricate outside not to shear any o-rings. Install retaining ring to sleeve. Generously lubricate Take CAUTION when inserting sleeve, outside diameter of spool and o-rings. EP-2 multipurpose grease, or equivalent. carefully insert sleeve into valve body. Then carefully insert spool into sleeve. Take CAUTION when inserting spool, not to shear any o-rings. Use BP-LS-

STEP #4: Re-install the pilot valve

Be careful to align the ends of the pilot valve stem between the plunger pins when inserting the pilot valve into

Re-install the gasket, air inlet cap and capscrews. Connect the air supply to the pump. The pump is now ready for the cavity of the intermediate. operation.



DIAPHRAGM SERVICING

To service the diaphragms first shut off the suction, then shut off the discharge lines to the pump. Shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining liquid from the pump.

drawing and the diaphragm servicing Step #1: See the pump assembly illustration.

fasten the manifolds (items 19 & 20) to remove the 16 capscrews (item 9) that Using a 1/2" wrench or socket, the outer chambers (item 13) Removing outer Step #2: chambers.

remove the 16 capscrews (item 11), that diaphragms (item 14) and intermediate Using a 1/2" wrench or socket, fasten the outer chambers (item 13), (item 5) together Step #3: Removing the diaphragms and diaphragm plates.

plate assemblies (item 24), diaphragms (item 14) and inner diaphragm plates SURFACE MAY DAMAGE BEARINGS Use a 7/8" wrench or six point (item 23) from the diaphragm rod (item DO NOT USE A WRENCH ON THE DIAPHRAGM ROD. FLAWS ON THE socket to remove the outer diaphragm 28) by turning counterclockwise. Inspect the diaphragm for cuts, punctures, abrasive wear or chemical attack. Replace the diaphragms if necessary AND SEALS.

Assembling the diaphragm and diaphragm plates to the diaphragm rod.

illustration. Thread the assembly onto diaphragm with the natural bulge facing away from the diaphragm rod and make center of one diaphragm and through one inner diaphragm plate. Install the sure the radius on the inner diaphragm plate is towards the diaphragm, as indicated on the diaphragm servicing Push the threaded stud of one outer diaphragm plate assembly through the the diaphragm rod, leaving loose.

Step #5: Installing the diaphragm and rod assembly to the pump.

Make sure the bumper (item 6) is installed over the diaphragm rod. Insert rod into pump.

pull the diaphragm rod out as far as On the opposite side of the pump, possible. Make sure the second bumper is installed over the diaphragm rod.

diaphragm. Thread the assembly onto diaphragm plate is towards the the diaphragm rod. Use a 7/8" wrench or socket to hold one outer diaphragm plate. Then, use a torque wrench to tighten the other outer diaphragm plate to the diaphragm rod to 350 in. lbs. (39.5 the center of the other diaphragm and Make sure the radius on the inner Push the threaded stud of the other outer diaphragm plate assembly through through the other inner diaphragm plate. Newton meters).

chamber to the pump using the 8 Align one diaphragm with the intermediate and install the outer



A IMPORTAN

capscrews. Tighten the opposite diaphragm plate until the holes in the diaphragm align with the holes in the

intermediate.Then, install the other outer

chamber using the 8 capscrews.

Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of

the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

OVERLAY DIAPHRAGM SERVICING

reinstalled, connected and returned to

operation.

Step #6: Reinstall the manifolds The pump is now ready to be

to the pump using the 16 capscrews.

The overlay diaphragm (item 15) is designed to fit over the exterior of the standard diaphragm (item 14).

diaphragm plate to the diaphragm rod to Follow the same procedures described for the standard diaphragm for removal and installation, except tighten assembly, diaphragms and inner 350 in. lbs. (39.5 Newton meters). diaphragm the outer

ACTUATOR PLUNGER SERVICING

To service the actuator plunger first disconnect the air supply line from the bleed the pressure from the pump, and shut off the compressed air supply, pump. Step #1: See PUMP ASSEMBLY DRAWING.

Using a 1/2" wrench or socket, Remove the air inlet cap (item 8) and air inlet gasket (item 18). The pilot valve remove the four capscrews (items 11). assembly (item 4) can now be removed. Step #2: Inspect the actuator

See ILLUSTRATION AT RIGHT.

The actuator plungers (items 25) can be reached through the pilot valve cavity

the bushings (item 7) in each end of the cavity. Inspect the installed o-ring (items 21) for cuts and/or wear. Replace the o-rings if necessary. Apply a light coating of grease to each o-ring and re-install the plungers in to the bushings. Push the plungers in as far as they will Remove the plungers (item 25) from in the intermediate assembly (item 5).

NOTE: It is recommended that new To remove the bushings (item 7), first remove the retaining rings (item 26) using a flat screwdriver. retaining rings be installed.

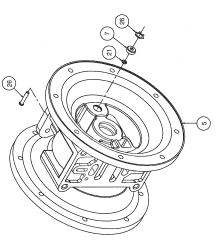
Be careful to align the ends of the Step #3: Re-install the pilot valve assembly into the intermediate assembly.

stem between the plungers when inserting the stem of the pilot valve into the cavity of the intermediate.

Re-install the gasket (item 18), air inlet cap (item 8) and capscrews (item

Connect the air supply to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.

ACTUATOR PLUNGER SERVICING





stallation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain Read these instructions completely, before in-

with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void this manual for reference. Failure to comply factory warranty.

CHECK VALVE SERVICING

Before servicing the check valve components, first shut off the suction line and then the discharge line to the pump. Next, shut off the compressed air supply, bleed air pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining fluid from the pump. The pump can now be removed for service.

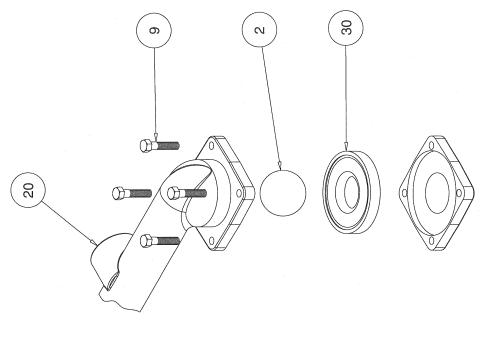
To access the check valve components, remove the manifold (item 20 or item 19 not shown). Use a 1/2" wrench or socket to remove the fasteners. Once the manifold is removed, the check valve components can be seen.

lnspect the check balls (items 2) for wear, abrasion, or cuts on the spherical surface. The check valve seats (item 30) should be inspected for cuts, abrasive wear, or embedded material on the surfaces of both the external and internal chambers. The spherical surface of the check balls must seat flush to the surface of the check valve seats for the pump to operate to peak efficiency. Replace any worn or damaged parts as necessary.

Re-assemble the check valve components. The seat should fit into the counter bore of the outer chamber.

The pump can now be reassembled, reconnected and returned to operation.

Check Valve Drawing



PUMPING HAZARDOUS LIQUIDS

When a diaphragm fails, the pumped liquid or fumes enter the air end of the pump. Fumes are exhausted into the hazardous or toxic materials, the exhaust air must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposal. See surrounding environment. When pumping illustration #1 at right.

This pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are The air exhaust must be piped above (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills. See restrict air flow and reduce pump source is at a higher level than the pump compatible with the liquid being pumped. the liquid level. See illustration #2 at diameter. Reducing the pipe size will performance. When the pumped product right. Piping used for the air exhaust must not be smaller than 1" (2.54 cm) Illustration #3 at right.

CONVERTING THE PUMP FOR PIPING THE EXHAUST AIR

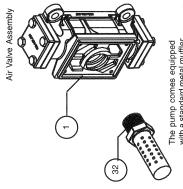
The following steps are necessary to convert the pump to pipe the exhaust air away from the pump.

Remove the muffler (item 32). The air distribution valve (item 1) has 1" NPT threads for piped exhaust.

IMPORTANT INSTALLATION

rigid plumbing. This reduces stresses on port. Failure to do so may result in NOTE: The manufacturer recommends installing a flexible conductive hose or the molded threads of the air exhaust connection between the pump and any damage to the air distribution valve body.

Any piping or hose connected to the pump's air exhaust port must be Failure to support these connections could also result in damage to the air conductive and physically supported. distribution valve body.



with a standard metal muffler

CONVERTED EXHAUST ILLUSTRATION

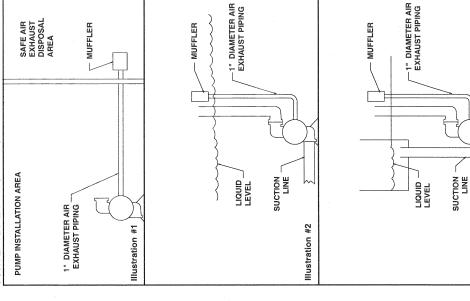
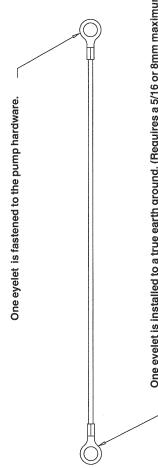


Illustration #3

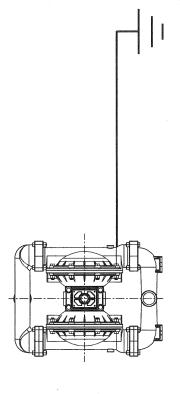
Grounding The Pump



One eyelet is installed to a true earth ground. (Requires a 5/16 or 8mm maximum diameter bolt)

This 8 foot long (244 centimeters) Ground Strap (Item 31) is shipped with the eyelet end fastened to the pump hardware.

nationally recognized code having juristiction over specific detailed grounding instruction and the type of equipment required, or in the absence of local codes, an industry or To reduce the risk of static electrical sparking, this pump installations, and/or CAN/CGA B149, installation codes. must be grounded. Check the local electrical code for



WARNING

result, especially when handling piping, valves, containers or other miscellaneous equipment sparking. Fire or explosion can flammable liquids. The pump, Take action to prevent static must be grounded.



APPENDIX II

Static Discharge Ground Reel Installation/Operation Instruction

STATIC DISCHARGE GROUNDING REEL INSTALLATION / OPERATION INSTRUCTION SHEET P/N 922-30-028

Introduction

Static Discharge Reels; 200-20R, 700-50R and ML2930 & ML3416 Series to be used for bonding and grounding on mobile fuel equipment at bulk stations, airports, terminals, refineries, et cetera.

Bonding and Grounding Principles

Bonding connects various pieces of conductive equipment together to keep them at the same potential. Static sparking can not occur between objects that are at the same potential.

Grounding is a form of bonding in which conductive equipment is connected to an earthing electrode or to a building grounding system in order to prevent sparking between conductive equipment and grounding structures.

Refer to the National Fire Protection Association Codes, NFPA 77 and NFPA 99 for recommended practice on static electricity.

Reel Installation

Mount Grounding Reel to object or vehicle with bolts using holes provided in base. Underside of bracket is unpainted providing a conductive surface to interface with a clean conductive surface on the object or vehicle. After mounting reel check electrical continuity (25 ohms. max.) between object or vehicle and grounding clamps at the end of the cable.

Reel Operation

Extend cable to desired object or earthing ground lug and clamp alligator jaw grip or other grounding connector in place. A pawl and ratchet permits locking of cable at any desired length within the reel's capacity. A simple tug on the cable unlocks the reel for a smooth and steady walk-back retraction.

Perform periodic tests of the bonded object to the ground clamp on the end of the cable grounding reel with Ohm Meter to confirm continuity. Maximum resistance to be 25 ohms. If higher, remove and replace reel. Inspect the entire cable length for kinks and/or broken wires. Inspect the cable clamp for good compression force and/or damage.

Caution: Do not use any part of the electrical current carrying system as a ground for static grounding. Arcing and fires could occur from current feedback where static control grounds are tied into the electrical system neutral.

WARNING:

This product can aid in the discharge of static electricity. No prediction or advice, however, can be given about all the different conditions which can cause static discharges to accumulate. Moreover, it can not be guaranteed that the use of this product (without other precautionary steps) will prevent static ignited fires or explosions which may result in serious injury or death.

SEEK PROFESSIONAL ADVICE BEFORE INSTALLING AND / OR USING THIS PRODUCT.



APPENDIX III

Differential Pressure Gauge



VF-61 Differential Pressure Gauge Assembly Part Number 10678





Differential Pressure Gauge Kit for use with the VF-61 Housing

This unit measures pressure difference between two points. The gauge allows for a simple reading on an easy-to-read scale. A red/green dial with a breakpoint located at 15 psid alerts the user of the condition of the process.

This kit consists of the following components:

- Differential Pressure Gauge: aluminum body, 1/8" NPT bottom, 1" molded lens & 0-20 psid scale,
- Compression Fittings: 1 straight, 1 90° elbow
- 1/4 O.D. Copper Tubing

Operation

When the needle is in the green zone of the gauge during normal flow, the differential pressure is less than 15 psid across the installed element, and the element does not need to be changed out.

When the needle is in the red zone, the differential pressure is more than 15 psid and the element should be changed out. It has reached its recommended maximum pressure differential.

CAUTION:

Do not mount the P/N 10678 differential pressure gauge assembly any closer than 2" from a steel bracket or pipe. The gauge has a magnetic piston, and mounting too close to steel may affect the accuracy.

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APPENDIX IV

Declaration of Conformity



DECLARATION of CONFORMITY

The design, development and manufacture is in accordance with European Community guidelines

07-3000-1921

Relevant draft complied with by the machinery: EN ISO 12100-1 2006/42/EC 94/9/EC

Relevant standards complied with by the machinery: EN ISO 12100-1 EN 1915-1:2001 (5.20) EN 809

Identification of person empowered to sign on behalf of the Manufacturer:

Quality Assurance Representative

Phone: (419) 866-6301 | 800-426-6301

Web: www.tronair.com

Email: sales@tronair.com