





Model: 8616B 15 Ton Beam with (2) Two Stage Hydraulic Aviation Axle Jacks

CE

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This product can not be modified without the written approval of Tronair, Inc. Any modifications done without written approval voids all warranties and releases Tronair, Inc., it suppliers, distributors, employees, or financial institutions from any liability from consequences that may occur. Only Tronair OEM replacement parts shall be used.



Aircraft manufacturer's specifications and instructions must be followed. In the event of contradiction between aircraft manufacturer's specifications and Malabar's, aircraft manufacturer's will prevail.

1.0 PRODUCT INFORMATION

1.1 DESCRIPTION

The Malabar Axle Jack Model 8693A is a 12 ton capacity two stage telescoping hydraulic jack designed primarily for use in jacking the Malabar Beam Model 8771. The jack consists of a two stage cylinder assembly, hydraulic reservoir and hand pump assembly. Lifting handle is also supplied for ease of lifting the jack. The Malabar Beam Model 8771 is a 15 ton capacity designed primarily for use in jacking the main and/or nose landing gear of various aircraft when used in conjunction with two 8693A axle jacks.

1.2 MODEL & SERIAL NUMBER

Reference nameplate on unit

1.3 MANUFACTURER

Malabar International

1 Air Cargo Pkwy East Swanton, Ohio 43558 USA Telephone:(419) 866-6301 or 800-426-6301E-mail:sales@malabar.comWebsite:www.malabar.com

1.4 SPECIFICATIONS

Rated Capacity Side Load Low Height Hydraulic Lift Extension Screw Total Extended Height Oil Pressure at Rated Capacity Safety Pop-off Valve set at Proof Load Reservoir Capacity	15% of vertical load 6.75 in (171 mm) 7 in (178 mm) 3 in (76 mm) 16.75 in (425 mm) 6170 psig (434 kg/sq cm) 13.2 ton (12 m. tons) 18 ton (16.3 m. tons)
Proof Load Reservoir Capacity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Hydraulic Fluid Approximate Jack Net Weight	

Beam Rated Capacity (model 8771) 1	15 tons (13.6 m. tons)
Low Height 4	4.5 in (114 mm)
Extension Screw from Axle Jack	3 in (76 mm)
Hydraulic Lift from Axle Jack 7	7 in (178 mm)
Total Extended Height 1	14.5 in (368 mm)
Beam Weight 7	75 lbs (34 kg)
Test Load	22.5 tons (20.4 m. tons)

1.5 PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A safety pop-off valve is incorporated in each jack (located in the base) to prevent lifting of loads in excess of 12 tons (10.9 m. tons).
- The extension screw has a positive stop to prevent it from being extended beyond its safe thread engagement.



2.0 SAFETY INFORMATION

2.1 USAGE AND SAFETY INFORMATION

To insure safe operations please read the following statements and understand their meaning. Also refer to your equipment manufacturer's manual for other important safety information. This manual contains safety precautions which are explained below. Please read carefully.



WARNING!

Warning is used to indicate the presence of a hazard that can cause *severe personal injury, death, and/or substantial property damage* if the Warning Notice is ignored.



CAUTION!

Caution is used to indicate the presence of a hazard, which will or can cause *minor personal injury or property damage* is the Caution Notice is ignored.

3.0 PREPARATION PRIOR TO FIRST USE

The jacks are shipped fully assembled without hydraulic fluid. Before placing jack in operation, perform the following procedures to each jack:

- 1. Carefully remove jack from the shipping container.
- 2. Remove air vent and bushing from top of reservoir.
- Fill jack reservoir to within 1/2 inch of reservoir top surface with MIL-PRF-5606 hydraulic fluid or approved equivalent (reservoir capacity is approximately 0.2 gallons/0.8 liters). Jack plungers must be fully retracted before filling reservoir.
- 4. Open release valve located next to hand pump and operate hand pump a few strokes to bleed all air trapped under hand pump.
- 5. Close release valve and operate hand pump to raise plungers approximately 1 inch.
- 6. Open release valve to retract plungers fully to bleed all air trapped under jack plungers. Close release valve.
- 7. Check reservoir fluid level. Replace air vent and bushing to top of reservoir.
- 8. No preparation is required for the beam assembly

4.0 TRAINING

4.1 TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

The employer of the operator is responsible for providing a training program sufficient for the safe operation of the unit.

4.2 TRAINING PROGRAM

The employer provided operator training program should cover safety procedures concerning use of the unit in and around the intended aircraft at the intended aircraft servicing location.

4.3 OPERATOR TRAINING

The operator training should provide the required training for safe operation of the unit.

NOTE: Maintenance and Trouble Shooting are to be performed by a skilled and trained technician.



5.0 OPERATION

5.1 PRE OPERATION INSPECTION

Each time the jacks and the beam are to be used, inspect the following:

- 1. Check for hydraulic fluid leaks around the base, cylinder, reservoir and hand pump.
- 2. Check hand pump for proper operation.
- 3. Check reservoir fluid level with jack plungers fully retracted.
- 4. Check beam for rigidity.
- 5. Check beam quick release pin for damage or pending damage.

5.2 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 1. Position the beam (in two halves) under the jacking pad of the aircraft axle.
- 2. Connect beam with quick release pin provided.
- 3. Position jacks on a level surface under the beam adapters.
- 4. Raise jack extension screws by turning counterclockwise until the beam socket contacts the jacking pad or as far as screws will travel (3 inches maximum).
- 5. Close release valve on each jack.
- 6. Open air vent one turn on each jack. Air vent must always be open during any phase of raising or lowering the load.
- 7. Operate hand pumps to raise plungers until beam socket contacts the jacking pad.
- 8. Insure beam socket and jacking pad are correctly mated...
- 9. To raise the load:
 - a. The load may now be raised by operating the hand pumps (both jacks have to lift evenly).
 - b. Do not lift a load greater than the jack rated capacity of 12 tons each or beam rated capacity of 15 tons
 - c. Do not attempt to raise jack plungers beyond the rated hydraulic lift (7 inches maximum).
 - d. Avoid lifting with excessive side load on jack.
 - e. Keep release valve closed at all times.
- 6. To lower the load:
 - a. Slowly open release valves to lower the load. The speed of lowering is controlled by the amount at which the release valve is open.
 - b. Close release valves after plungers are fully retracted.
- 7. Lower the extension screw by turning clockwise.
- 8. Close air vents. Air vent must always be closed during jack transport.
- 9. Remove jacks from beam.
- 10. Detach beam in two halves and remove beam from aircraft axle.
- 11. Cover jacks when not in use to prevent entrance of contaminants and water into the cylinder.



6.0 TROUBLE SHOOTING

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY		
	Release valve open (Oil passing back into reservoir)	Close valve firmly		
	Intake valve open. (Oil passing back into reservoir)	Pump rapidly to flush dirt off		
	Discharge valve open (Oil passing back into pump chamber)	Pump rapidly to flush dirt off		
Jack will not raise	Sticking intake valve	Remove pump from jack base. Unscrew valve block. Clean or replace valve		
	Clogged screen	Remove and clean		
	Lack of oil. Air under plunger	Refill. Check for leaks. Bleed air out by opening release valve. Pump rapidly a few times and close release valve		
	Lack of oil	Refill, check for leaks		
Jack will not raise to full height	Sticking intake valve	Remove pump from jack base. Unscrew valve block. Clean or replace ball valves. Re-tighten or repair		
Jack will not raise capacity load	High pressure leaks (At pump or release valve)	Reseat valve		
	Leaky release valve	Reseat valve and clean valve block		
Jack raises and falls during each stroke	Leaky discharge valve	Tighten or replace ball valve or packing		
	Leaky release valve	Reseat valve		
Jack will not hold up load	Defective "O" ring and back up ring	Remove plunger and replace "O" ring and back up ring		
Jack will not lower the load	Damaged release valve	Remove and replace parts as needed		
Jack will not lower the load	Bent plunger	Replace		
Jack will not close completely	Air under plunger	Bleed air out. Open release valve and pump rapidly several times. Close valve		
Handle stroke only partly	Air in pump chamber	Open release valve and pump rapidly several times. Close valve		
effective	Sticking intake valve	Remove pump and clean valve block		
	Clogged screen	Remove and clean		
Handle raises without effort	Leaky intake valve	Remove pump and clean valve block		
Handle snaps back	Sticking intake valve	Open release valve. Pump rapidly several times. Close valve		
	Clogged screen	Remove and clean		



7.0 MAINTENANCE

7.1 SERVICING

Servicing of a jack consists primarily of the following:

- 1. When in use, the reservoir should be kept at the proper level with hydraulic fluid MIL-PRF-5606 or approved equivalent. Always check fluid level with jack plungers fully retracted.
- 2. Lubricate hand pump link pins.
- 3. If the jack has been put into storage or has not been used, the plungers must be fully extended and retracted every 90 days to exercise the seals.

7.2 DISASSEMBLY INSPECTION

Each time a jack is disassembled carefully inspect the following:

- 1. Inspect interior walls of jack cylinder, plungers and hand pump cylinder for smoothness and freedom from rust, nicks, scratches and excessive wear.
- 2. Inspect exterior walls of jack plungers for smoothness and freedom from rust, pits and excessive wear.
- 3. Check extension screw, cylinder, etc., for corrosion, wear and condition of threads.
- 4. Verify that the extension screw has a positive stop to prevent it from being extended beyond its safe thread engagement.
- 5. Inspect packings, seals, gaskets and wipers in the cylinder assembly and hand pumps for cuts, wear, dirt, scratches, deterioration and distortion.
- 6. Check oil screen located in the base for cleanliness.
- 7. Inspect valves and valve seats in the base for scratches, dents and proper seating of the balls.
- 8. Inspect all pivot pins for wear, cracks, pits or evidence of damage or pending damage.
- 9. Inspect all areas for excessive dirt, oil, dust and chips.

7.3 OVERHAUL INSTRUCTIONS

No definite time schedule can be established for the overhaul of the jack for replacement of the various moving parts. The number of times the jack is raised and lowered and the amount of load raised at each operation materially affect the life of the working parts. Do not overload the jack. Overloading is dangerous, will hasten the need for overhaul and may damage the jack. During overhaul, replace all parts that do not pass disassembly inspection requirements. Regardless of apparent condition, replace all parts marked with (♦) in the parts breakdown. A repair parts kit (P/N 8693PK) which contains all of the parts marked with (♦) is available and recommended to keep on hand at your facility. Coat all O-rings and backup rings with hydraulic fluid MIL-PRF-5606 prior to assembly. Clean all metal parts with clean solvent and dry with compressed air. Lubricate all threads. Use Teflon tape carefully on all pipe threads. Remove excess tape because it can clog valves and passages. If ball valves, located in the base, do not seat properly, they may need to be reseated by tapping the ball into the valve seat with a brass rod cupped at one end.

When necessary to disassemble/reassemble the jack, follow the instructions below for the selected components and drain all hydraulic fluid from the reservoir if necessary by removing plug (figure 1A, item 35) at end of base and turn jack on end until hydraulic fluid is completely drained.

- 1. Oil screen (figure 1A):
 - a. Turn jack on end opposite pump.
 - b. Remove plug (item 35) and oil screen (item 34) from base.
 - c. Check oil screen for cleanliness. Replace if necessary.
 - d. To reassemble, install oil screen and plug into base.
- 2. Release valve (figure 1A):
 - a. Turn jack on end opposite pump.
 - b. Remove release valve lockscrew (item 33) from base.
 - c. Remove stem (item 30) and steel ball (item 25) from base. Remove and discard O-ring (item 31) from stem.
 - d. To reassemble, install O-ring on stem. Install ball, stem and release valve lockscrew into base.
- 3. Safety pop-off valve (figure 1A):



The safety pop-off valve, located in the base, should not be removed unless absolutely necessary. The valve is set to by-pass hydraulic fluid back to the reservoir at 4-8% above the rated capacity of 12 Tons (10.9 metric ton). If adjustment is required, see procedure under testing.

CAUTION!

- a. Turn jack on its side.
- b. Remove plug (item 29), set screw (item 28), spring (item 27), spring guide (item 26) and steel ball (item 25).
- c. Remove any dirt from valve seat. Inspect seat for proper seating of ball. Reseat if necessary.
- d. To reassemble, install ball, spring guide, spring, set screw and plug.



7.3 OVERHAUL INSTRUCTIONS (continued)

- 4. Cylinder assembly (figure 1B):
 - a. Unscrew cylinder (item 11) from base.



CAUTION!

 Δ Plungers are free to slide out of cylinder. Do not drop plungers and/or cylinder.

- b. Remove cylinder assembly from base.
- c. Push assembly out of cylinder.
- d. Remove snap ring (item 22) from center plunger (item 13).
- e. Push assembly out of outer plunger (item 12).
- f. Extension screw nut (item 14) is pressed fit into inner plunger. Do not remove extension screw (item 15) and extension screw nut from inner plunger unless absolutely necessary.
- g. Remove and discard all O-rings, back-up rings and wipers from cylinder and plungers.
- h. To reassemble, install O-rings, back-up rings and wipers onto cylinder and plungers. Lubricate all O-rings with MIL-H-5606 fluid or equivalent.
- i. Slide outer plunger over inner plunger. Install snap ring to inner plunger.
- j. Slide cylinder over outer plunger.
- k. Screw cylinder assembly into base.
- 5. Intake check valve (figure 2):
 - a. Turn jack on end opposite pump.
 - b. Remove plug (item 12), spring (item 14) and steel ball (item 16).
 - c. Remove and discard O-ring (item 19) from plug.
 - d. To reassembly, install O-ring to plug. Install ball, spring and plug. Verify the pin in the plug is not pressing against the ball for it can restrict the ball movement and prevent hydraulic fluid passage through the valve.
- 6. Discharge check valve (figure 2):
 - a. Drain all hydraulic fluid.
 - b. Unscrew reservoir screw (figure 1A, item 8).
 - c. Remove reservoir screw, screw gasket (figure 1A, item 9), reservoir (figure 1A, item 4) and reservoir gasket (figure 1A, item 5).
 - d. Discard screw gasket and reservoir gasket.
 - e. Remove plug (item 12), spring (item 13) and steel ball (item 16).
 - f. Remove and discard O-ring (item 19) from plug.
 - g. To reassemble, install O-ring to plug. Install ball, spring and plug. Verify the pin in the plug is not pressing against the ball for it can restrict the ball movement and prevent hydraulic fluid passage through the valve.
 - h. Install reservoir gasket, reservoir, screw gasket and reservoir screw. Verify reservoir sits flat on reservoir gasket.
- 7. Hand pump assembly (figure 2):
 - a. Drain all hydraulic fluid.
 - b. Remove fulcrum (item 3) from hand pump assembly by removing cotter pins (items 15) and pump link pins (items 4).
 - c. Remove pump plunger (item 2) from pump body (item 1).
 - d. Remove capscrew (item 11), split lockwasher (item 17), pump washer (item 9), O-ring (item 7) and back-up ring (item 8) from pump plunger.
 - e. Unscrew pump body from base. Remove gasket (item 10) and wiper (item 6).
 - f. Discard all cotter pins, O-ring, back-up ring, gasket and wiper.
 - g. To reassemble, install wiper into pump body.
 - h. Install gasket and pump body into base.
 - i. Install back-up ring, O-ring, pump washer, split lockwasher and capscrew onto pump plunger.
 - j. Install pump plunger into pump body.
 - k. Install fulcrum, pump link pins and cotter pins to pump plunger and the pump link.



7.0 **MAINTENANCE** (continued)

7.4 TESTING:

Place a jack in a load indicating test fixture. Make sure the test adapter is 3/4 inch male spherical radius. Operate hand pump to extend two outer plungers fully and inner plunger partially. Make sure the extension screw and the test adapter are correctly mated. Load test the jack at rated capacity of 12 tons. If jack fails to operate properly, check for trouble as indicated in 6.0 Trouble Shooting. With plungers extended and supporting the load, allow the jack to stand for 10 minutes. Any excess settling indicates leakage in the hand pumps, check valves or jack packing seals. Check for hydraulic fluid leaks and replace all defective parts.

If adjustment is required for the safety pop-off valve, perform the following procedure:

- Remove plug (figure 1A, item 39). Close release valve (figure 1A, item 30). 1.
- 2. Place jack in a load indicating test fixture. Make sure the test adapter is 3/4 inch male spherical radius. Operate hand pump to extend outer plunger fully and inner plunger partially. Make sure the extension screw and the test adapter are correctly mated.
- While operating hand pump, adjust set screw (figure 1A, item 28) until safety pop-off valve by-passes hydraulic 3. fluid back to the reservoir at 12.6 to 13.2 tons.
- 4. Install plug (figure 1A. item 29). Once more operate hand pump to verify correct setting.
- 5. Open release valve to relieve pressure.

8.0 **PROVISION OF SPARES**

8.1 SOURCE OF SPARE PARTS

Spare parts may be obtained from the manufacturer:

Malabar International	Telephone:	(419) 866-6301 or 800-426-6301
1 Air Cargo Pkwy East	E-mail:	sales@malabar.com
Swanton, Ohio 43558 USA	Website:	www.malabar.com

For Spare Parts, Operations & Service Manuals or Service Needs: Scan the QR code or visit Tronair.com/aftermarket

8.2 RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS LISTS

The following spare parts are recommended and available upon request. Reference the following page(s) for Replacement Parts and Kits available.

Part Number	Description	Qty
8693APK	Repair Parts Kit	1
55360	Pump Assembly	1
55120	Air Vent	1
55997-2	Nameplate	1
55989-13	Placard, Tonnage, 12 Ton	
55490	Placard, Air Vent	
55998-1	Sticker, Malabar	
55994	Sticker, Fluid	
55155	Safety Pop-Off Valve Assembly	
100	Release Valve Assembly	1





9.0 IN SERVICE SUPPORT

Contact Malabar, Inc. for technical services and information. See Section 1.3 - Manufacturer.

10.0 GUARANTEES/LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

- I. Seller warrants each new product of its manufacture to be free from defects in material or workmanship, under proper, reasonable, and normal use and service.
- II. The warranty period shall be as follows:
 - A. For Malabar equipment, with the exception of Tripod Jacks, the warranty period is one (1) year after date of shipment.
 - B. For Malabar Tripod Jacks, the warranty period is three (3) years after date of shipment.
- III. Where Buyer claims an alleged defect in material or workmanship and so advises Seller in writing within ten (10) days after discovery thereof, then and in such event, Buyer shall return said equipment, transportation prepaid, to the Seller, provided such return is timely and within the above-mentioned warranty period. This warranty and liability of the Seller is expressly limited solely to replacement or repair of defective parts or goods, and return at Buyer's expense to Buyer after finding by Seller the product was defective prior to original shipment or, at the option of Seller, to providing refund to Buyer of the purchase price for said product.
- IV. It is further expressly understood and agreed that:
 - A. THERE IS NO WARRANTY, REPRESENTATION OF CONDITION OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, (INCLUDING NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS) EXCEPT THAT THE MATERIAL SHALL BE OF THE QUALITY SPECIFIED IN APPLICABLE SPECIFICATIONS, AND NONE SHALL BE IMPLIED BY LAW. Except as otherwise provided herein, quality shall be in accordance with Seller's specifications. Final determination of the material for the use contemplated by Buyer is the sole responsibility of Buyer and Seller shall have no responsibility in connection with such suitability, and
 - B. Buyer's sole and exclusive remedy shall be repair or replacement of defective parts or goods by the Seller. Should the goods, in the judgment of Seller, preclude the remedying of the warranted defects by repair or replacement, the Buyer's sole and exclusive remedy shall be the refund of the purchase price, and
 - C. Seller shall not be liable for prospective profits or special, indirect or consequential damages, nor shall any recovery of any kind against Seller be greater in amount than the purchase price of the specific material sold and causing the alleged loss, damage or injury. Buyer assumes all risk and liability for loss, damage or injury to persons or property of Buyer or others arising out of use or possession of any product or part sold hereunder, and
 - D. Seller shall in no way be deemed or held to be obligated, liable or accountable upon or for any guarantees or warranties, express or implied, or created by statute or by operation of law or otherwise, in any manner of form beyond its express agreement above set forth, and
 - E. No warranty herein shall apply to any product which shall have been repaired or altered, unless such alteration or repair has been made by Seller or if, after return to and inspection by Seller, the product is found by Seller to have been subject to misuse, negligence or accident, and
 - F. No warranty of any nature is made by Seller as to any component forming a part of the product sold and Buyer shall receive only such warranties offered by such other manufacturer of such component, and
 - G. Seller does not assume nor does Seller authorize any other person to assume for it any other liability or make any warranty in connection with the sale of its products.

11.0 APPENDICES

APPENDIX I Safety Data Sheet – MIL-PRF-5606 Hydraulic Fluid

APPENDIX II Declaration of Conformity







- A BASE
- B SAFETY POP-OFF VALVE
- C CYLINDER ASSEMBLY
- D RELEASE VALVE

- E HAND PUMP F OIL SCREEN G AIR VENT



Parts List – Figure 1 When ordering replacement parts/kits, please specify model, serial number and color of your unit.



Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	877114	RIGHT BEAM	1
2	877112	LEFT BEAM	1
3	861610	MALE ADAPTER	2
4	321-150	HHCS, 3/8-24 x 1 1/2 LG	2
5	363-003	SPLIT LOCKWASHER, 3/8	2
6	9-7035	NAMEPLATE	1
7	55998-1	STICKER, MALABAR	1
8	370-025	QUICK RELEASE PIN	1
9	491-054	CRIMP	2
10	55991-4	PLACARD, TONNAGE	1
11	491-053	LANYARD	AR



Parts List – Figure 2A When ordering replacement parts/kits, please specify model, serial number and color of your unit.

PART OF REPAIR PARTS KIT ٠







Parts List – Figure 1A When ordering replacement parts/kits, please specify model, serial number and color of your unit.

ltem	Part Number	Description	Qty		
1	64207	BASE	1		
2	55360	PUMP ASSEMBLY			
3	100	RELEASE VALVE ASSEMBLY			
4	869303	RESERVOIR	1		
5	64205	RESERVOIR GASKET	1		
6	869338	LIFTING HANDLE	1		
7	MS16562-14	ROLL PIN, 5/64 x 7/16 LG	2		
8	321-148	HHCS, 1/2-20 x 4" LG	1		
9	61889	SCREW GASKET	1		
10	55120	AIR VENT	1		
25	412-004	STEEL BALL, 1/4 DIA	2		
26	55153	SPRING GUIDE	1		
27	55154H	SPRING	1		
28	55148	SET SCREW	1		
29	717-006	PLUG, 1/4 NPT			
30	101	STEM			
31	55925-011	O-RING			
32	390-001	DOWEL PIN, 1/4 x 1" LG			
33	870225	RELEASE VALVE LOCKSCREW			
34	55567	OIL SCREEN	1		
35	717-007	PLUG, 3/8 NPT	1		
36	55997-2	NAMEPLATE	1		
37	55989-13	PLACARD, TONNAGE, 12 TON	1		
38	55490	PLACARD, AIR VENT	1		
39	55998-1	STICKER, MALABAR			
40	55994	STICKER, FLUID			
41	397-005	SELF TAPPING SCREW, #4			
42	55155	SAFETY POP-OFF VALVE			
43	717-076	PLUG, 1/8 SAE SOCKET HEAD 1			
44	MS28778-2	O-RING	1		



Parts List – Figure 2B When ordering replacement parts/kits, please specify model, serial number and color of your unit.

PART OF REPAIR PARTS KIT ٠



ltem	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	64207	BASE	REF
11	869306	CYLINDER	1
12	869310	OUTER PLUNGER	1
13	869350	INNER PLUNGER	1
14	64009	EXTENSION SCREW NUT	1
15	869308	EXTENSION SCREW	1
16	371-015	ROLL PIN, 1/8 x 3/8 LG	1
17	55925-235	O-RING	1
18	55925-334	O-RING	1
19	55916-37	BACK-UP RING	1
20	55925-328	O-RING	1
21	55916-31	BACK-UP RING	1
22	64063	SNAP RING	1
23	64231	WIPER	1
24	64251	WIPER	1



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Parts List – Figure 3 When ordering replacement parts/kits, please specify model, serial number and color of your unit.

PART OF REPAIR PARTS KIT ٠





Parts List – Figure 2 When ordering replacement parts/kits, please specify model, serial number and color of your unit.

ltem	Part Number	Description	Qty
	55360	Pump Assembly; consists of:	
1	55362	PUMP BODY	1
2	55364	PUMP PLUNGER	1
3	55001	FULCRUM	1
4	55002	PUMP LINK PIN	3
5	61878	PUMP HANDLE	1
6	55363	WIPER	1
7	55925-110	O-RING	1
8	55900-8	BACK-UP RING	1
9	55367	PUMP WASHER	1
10	55361	GASKET	1
11	323-016	SHCS, #10-32UNF x 1/2 LG	1
12	64889	PLUG	2
13	64198	SPRING	1
14	64197	SPRING	1
15	372-028	BOWTIE COTTER PIN	3
16	412-004	STEEL BALL, 1/4 DIA	2
17	363-009	SPLIT LOCKWASHER, #10	1
18	55615	PUMP LINK	1
19	55908-3	O-RING (PART OF ITEM 12)	12



APPENDIX I

Safety Data Sheet MIL-PRF-5606 Hydraulic Fluid



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 01 Oct 2015 Page 1 of 12

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT

Product Name: **MOBIL AERO HFA** Product Description: Base Oil and Additives Product Code: 201550401020, 490110-00, 970584 Intended Use: Aviation hydraulic oil

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION Supplier:

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

22777 Springwoods Village Parkway Spring, TX. 77253 24 Hour Health Emergency Transportation Emergency Phone

Product Technical Information MSDS Internet Address

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

609-737-4411

800-662-4525

800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC

http://www.exxon.com, http://www.mobil.com

USA

This material is hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

CLASSIFICATION:

SECTION 2

Flammable liquid: Category 4. Aspiration toxicant: Category 1.

LABEL: Pictogram:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

H227: Combustible liquid. H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statements:

P210: Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. -- No smoking. P273: Avoid release to the environment. P280: Wear protective gloves and eye / face protection.P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P331: Do NOT induce vomiting. P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish.P403 + P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405: Store locked up.P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

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Other hazard information:

HAZARD NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC): None as defined under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an ignition. Material can release vapors that readily form flammable mixtures. Vapor accumulation could flash and/or explode if ignited. Combustible.

HEALTH HAZARDS

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

No significant hazards.

NFPA Hazard ID:	Health:	1	Flammability:	2	Reactivity:	0
HMIS Hazard ID:	Health:	1*	Flammability:	2	Reactivity:	0

NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

SECTION 3	COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This material is defined as a mixture.

Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	GHS Hazard Codes
2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL	128-37-0	0.1 - < 1%	H400(M factor 1),
			H410(M factor 1)
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT	64742-47-8	5 - < 10%	H304
HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	64742-53-6	50 - < 70%	H227, H304
HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	64742-46-7	20 - < 30%	H304
TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE	115-86-6	0.1 - < 0.25%	H400(M factor 1),
			H410(M factor 1)

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

SECTION 4

FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION



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Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

INGESTION

Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

SECTION 5	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES	
SECTIONS		

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water

FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Unusual Fire Hazards: Combustible. Pressurized mists may form a flammable mixture.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Phosphorus oxides, Smoke, Fume, Sulfur oxides

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

 Flash Point [Method]: >82°C (180°F) [ASTM D-93]

 Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air):
 LEL: 0.7
 UEL: 7.0 [Estimated]

 Autoignition Temperature:
 >225°C (437°F)

SECTION 6	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	
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NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable



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regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, e.g., formation of mists. Half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for dust/organic vapor or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to hydrocarbons are recommended. Gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic material is recommended.

SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do it without risk. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Large Spills: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

SECTION 7

HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Avoid contact with skin. Avoid prolonged breathing of mists and heated vapor. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or ground procedures. However, bonding and grounds may not eliminate the hazard from static



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accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

Static Accumulator: This material is a static accumulator.

STORAGE

The container choice, for example storage vessel, may effect static accumulation and dissipation. Keep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open slowly in order to control possible pressure release. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area. Storage containers should be grounded and bonded. Fixed storage containers, transfer containers and associated equipment should be grounded and bonded to prevent accumulation of static charge.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

Substance Name	Form	Limit / S	tandard	NOTE	Source
2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL	Inhalable fraction and vapor	TWA	2 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT [total hydrocarbon vapor]	Non-Aerosol	TWA	200 mg/m3	Skin	ACGIH
HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3	N/A	OSHA Z1
HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH
HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH
HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3	N/A	OSHA Z1
HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH
TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE		TWA	3 mg/m3	N/A	OSHA Z1
TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE		TWA	3 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH

Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product: When mists/aerosols can occur the following are recommended: 5 mg/m³ - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction), 5 mg/m³ - OSHA PEL.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

No biological limits allocated.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions.

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> Control measures to consider: Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment to stay below exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely, wear gauntlet style gloves.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include: If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical, and oil resistant clothing is recommended.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

SECTION 9

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Liquid Color: Red Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 01 Oct 2015 Page 7 of 12

> Odor: Characteristic Odor Threshold: N/D

IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION Relative Density (at 15 °C): 0.88 Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A Flash Point [Method]: >82°C (180°F) [ASTM D-93] Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.7 UEL: 7.0 [Estimated] Autoignition Temperature: >225°C (437°F) Boiling Point / Range: N/D Decomposition Temperature: N/D Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/D Vapor Pressure: [N/D at 20 °C] Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D pH: N/A Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): N/D Solubility in Water: Negligible Viscosity: 13.8 cSt (13.8 mm2/sec) at 40 °C | 5.1 cSt (5.1 mm2/sec) at 100°C [ASTM D 445] Oxidizing Properties: See Hazards Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

 Freezing Point:
 N/D

 Melting Point:
 N/A

 Pour Point:
 -60°C
 (-76°F)

 DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346:
 < 3 %wt</td>

SECTION 10

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Open flames and high energy ignition sources.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapors, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs.

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Ingestion Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material. Skin Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material. Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data for material. May dry the skin leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Based of assessment of the components. Eye May dry the skin leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Based on assessment of the components. Eye May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on assessment of the components. Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end point data for material. Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. Skin Components. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Skin Sensitization: No end point data for material. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on assessment of components. Skin Sensitization: No end point data for material. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on assessment of components. Aspiration: Data available. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material. Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment	
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	of
for material. the components.	
Carcinogenicity: No end point data for Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the	
material. components.	
Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on assessm	ent
for material. of the components.	
Lactation: No end point data for material. Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)	
Single Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.	
material.	
Repeated Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repea	ed
material. exposure. Based on assessment of the components.	

TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCES

NAME	ACUTE TOXICITY
2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL	Oral Lethality: LD50 0.89 g/kg (Rat)

OTHER INFORMATION For the product itself:

Repeated and/or prolonged exposure may cause irritation to the skin, eyes, or respiratory tract. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema. **Contains:**

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitizing in test animals.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--



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1 = NTP CARC	3 = IARC 1	5 = IARC 2B
2 = NTP SUS	4 = IARC 2A	6 = OSHA CARC

SECTION 12

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

MOBILITY

More volatile component -- Highly volatile, will partition rapidly to air. Not expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

Less volatile component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Components -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Majority of components -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

SECTION 13

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products. Protect the environment. Dispose of used oil at designated sites. Minimize skin contact. Do not mix used oils with solvents, brake fluids or coolants.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RCRA Information: The unused product, in our opinion, is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40 CFR, Part 261D), nor is it formulated to contain materials which are listed as hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrositivity or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). However, used product may be regulated.

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be



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completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (DOT)

Proper Shipping Name: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light) Hazard Class & Division: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID ID Number: NA1993 Packing Group: III ERG Number: 128 Label(s): NONE Transport Document Name: NA1993, COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light), COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, PG III

Footnote: This material is not regulated under 49 CFR in a container of 119 gallon capacity or less when transported solely by land, as long as the material is not a hazardous waste, a marine pollutant, or specifically listed as a hazardous substance.

LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

Marine Pollutant: No

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

SECTION 15

REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: This material is considered hazardous in accordance with OSHA HazCom 2012, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: AICS, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, KECI, PICCS, TCSI, TSCA

EPCRA SECTION 302: This material contains no extremely hazardous substances.

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE HAZARD CATEGORIES: Fire. Immediate Health. Delayed Health.

SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY: This material contains no chemicals subject to the supplier notification requirements of the SARA 313 Toxic Release Program.

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The following ingredients are cited on the lists below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT	64742-47-8	1, 17, 18
HYDROTREATED LIGHT	64742-53-6	1 4 12 17 19
NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	64742-53-6	1, 4, 13, 17, 18
	64742-46-7	1, 4, 17, 18
DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)		., .,,

1 = ACGIH ALL	6 = TSCA 5a2	11 = CA P65 REPRO	16 = MN RTK
2 = ACGIH A1	7 = TSCA 5e	12 = CA RTK	17 = NJ RTK
3 = ACGIH A2	8 = TSCA 6	13 = IL RTK	18 = PA RTK
4 = OSHA Z	9 = TSCA 12b	14 = LA RTK	19 = RI RTK
5 = TSCA 4	10 = CA P65 CARC	15 = MI 293	

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

SECTION 16	OTHER INFORMATION	
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N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

H227: Combustible liquid; Flammable Liquid, Cat 4 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways; Aspiration, Cat 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Revision Changes:

Section 01: Company Mailing Address information was modified.

Section 05: Hazardous Combustion Products information was modified.

Section 15: List Citations Table information was modified.

Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing information was modified.

Section 14: Marine Pollutant information was modified.

Composition: Component Table information was modified.

Section 08: Exposure Limits Table information was modified.

Section 16: Revision Information - Implementation of GHS requirements phrase. information was deleted.

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Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 01 Oct 2015 Page 12 of 12

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Internal Use Only MHC: 2A, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1

PPEC: C

DGN: 2005454XUS (552975)

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APPENDIX II

Declaration of Conformity



EU Declaration of Conformity

Model Number(s)	8616B	
Product Type/Name:	15 Ton (13.6 Metric Ton) Jack and Beam Kit	
Serial Number(s):	Enter serial number(s)	
Declaration:	Tronair has assessed the equipment described above against the Essential Health and Safety Requirements of one or more Directives. Based on this assessment, the equipment described above is deemed to comply with the directive(s) listed below. This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.	
Directives:	European Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC	
Standards:	EN ISO 12100:2011	Safety of machinery – General principles for design – Risk assessment and risk reduction
	BS EN 12312-19:2005+A1:2009	Aircraft ground support equipment – Specific requirements – Part 19: Aircraft jacks, axle jacks and hydraulic tail stanchions
	BS EN 1915-1:2013	Aircraft ground support equipment – General requirements – Part 1: Basic safety requirements
	BS EN 1915-2:2001+A1:2009	Aircraft ground support equipment – General requirements – Part 2: Stability and strength requirements, calculations and test methods
	((

Markings:



The technical documentation for the machinery is available from:

RAUH Hydraulic GmbH Hallstadtler Straße 63 Email: <u>tronair@rauh-hydraulik.de</u>

Location of Issue: Tronair, 1 Air Cargo Parkway East, Swanton, OH 43558

Certificate: EU_DoC_8616B

Identification of person empowered to sign on behalf of the Manufacturer:

Quality Assurance Representative

Enter a date

Date









Tronair, Inc. 1 Air Cargo Pkwy East Swanton, OH 43558

Phone: (419) 866-6301 | 800-426-6301 Web: www.tronair.com Email: sales@tronair.com