

BETA D-50 BATTERY TESTER / ANALYZER



OPERATING MANUAL

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1. SYSTEM OVERVIEW

1.1 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The Beta D-50 Tester/Analyzer is a self contained unit for discharge capacity testing of rechargeable batteries. It has been designed to accurately test and guarantee the emergency capacity of sealed or vented lead-acid or nickel-cadmium batteries. Guaranteed emergency capacity is especially important for aircraft batteries.

The Beta D-50 enables testing of a battery's capacity by loading it with a constant current of max 50 amperes (usually set to 80-100% of the battery's capacity rating) during a fixed period of time (usually 60 minutes). The D-50 analyzes the discharge characteristics and passes or fails the battery depending on the battery's ability to maintain a specified minimum voltage (cutoff voltage) for the duration of the test. The unit has pass/fail indicators as well as displays for discharge current, cutoff voltage, battery voltage, and test time.

The flexibility of test parameters of the Beta D-50 makes it usable for a wide variety of batteries and voltages. The unit accurately tests lead-acid batteries of 12 or 24 volts, as well as nickel-cadmium batteries of a single cell to 24 volts.

The use of solid state circuits in the Beta D-50 has kept its weight to a mere 30 lbs. (14 kg). Consequently the unit is easy to move around to accommodate flexibility in the work environment.

1.2 DISPLAYS AND CONTROLS

The Beta D-50 has been designed to have very simple and easy to understand controls and displays (see figure 1-1 and 1-2).

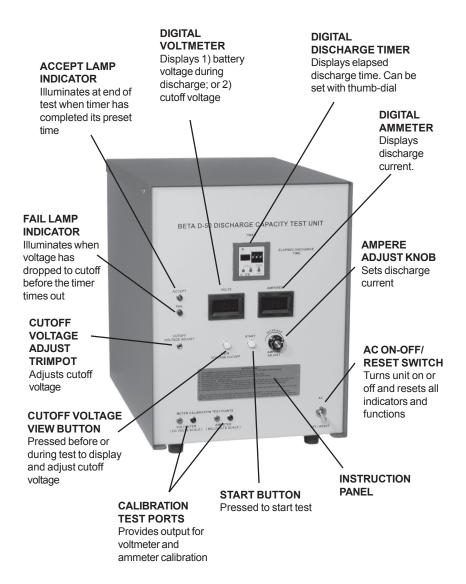


Figure 1-1. Front view of Beta D-50

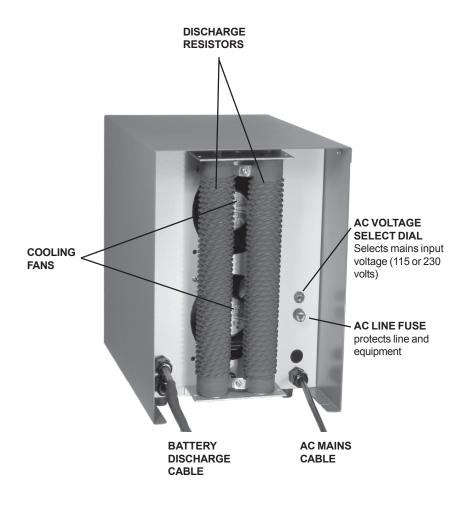


Figure 1-2. Rear view of Beta D-50

2. INSTALLATION

2.1 LINE VOLTAGE

The Beta D-50 can operate on either 115 and 230 Volts AC. The desired line voltage can be selected on the rear of the unit.

CAUTION: Ensure that the unit is set for the appropriate line voltage before operation.

- A. On the back of the unit locate the AC voltage select dial.
- B. Set dial for appropriately marked AC voltage (115 or 230 volts) using a screwdriver.
- C. For 230 VAC operation, the 115 VAC plug must be replaced with one for 230 VAC in required configuration.



NOTE: If the plug has to be changed make sure to connect the green AC line wire to ground.

Connect the unit to a wall outlet with at least a 10 ampere capacity. Sharing of the line with other equipment may result in erratic operation if other equipment draws high pulse or surge currents.

NOTE: The Beta D-50 will maintain its operational integrity with line fluctuation less than \pm 10%.

2.2 TERMINALS

Two important points about the DC battery cable and connector are:

A. If the aircraft battery quick disconnect connector is removed, the ring terminals can be used to connect to a post terminal battery.

WARNING : Correct polarity must be observed.

B. If the cable is extended or repaired during maintenance, the sensing leads which run with the heavy DC cable must be connected to the new terminal (see section 5.6).

2.3 SPACE REQUIREMENTS

The Beta D-50 system occupies 15" x 10 $\frac{1}{1}$ " (381 mm x 260 mm) of table top space. Place the unit on a sturdy workbench in a well-ventilated battery servicing area with the battery adjacent to it.

The rear of the unit has air flow from hot resistors. Allow at least 6" (150 mm) of separation from the wall and adjacent equipment in order to maintain proper air flow.

WARNING: Due to the air flow from hot resistors on the rear of the unit, use extreme caution on placement.

NOTE: In non air-conditioned rooms it is recommended that circulating or extracting fans be used to aid in the removal of heated air.

NOTE: Operation in dusty or otherwise dirty air environments will severely reduce the cooling capacity of the fans and can lead to premature failure.

3. QUICK OPERATING GUIDE

This section gives an overview of how to quickly get started capacity discharge testing a battery using your Beta D-50. If there is uncertainty at any point on how to proceed, please refer to the more detailed instructions in the section 4.

WARNING: Always turn the AC power switch off before connecting or disconnecting a battery

NOTE: Once set, all settings are maintained and need not be reset for duplicate testing

A. s

. SWITCH OFF MAINS POWER

Turn off the AC on-off/reset power switch.



B. TURN DOWN DISCHARGE CUR-RENT

Repeatedly turn the Ampere Adjust knob fully counter-clockwise to set discharge current to zero.

C. SET TIMER

Set the timer by adjusting the thumb-dial to the required discharge time (usually 60 minutes)



A D-50 DISCHARGE CAPACITY TES



D. CONNECT BATTERY

Connect the battery DC cable to the battery and ensure the connector is plugged in completely.

F. SWITCH ON MAINS POWER

Turn on the AC on-off/reset power switch. An audible alarm sounds, and the Accept lamp illuminates Meters read all 6's or 8's. The timer reads 0's and its red LED is off

F. VIEW AND SET CUTOFF VOLTAGE

- a. Press and hold the View Voltage Cutoff button. The set cutoff voltage is shown on the voltmeter display.
- b. Use a 1/16 inch (2 mm) slot blade precision type screw driver to adjust the cutoff voltage to the desired level.

G. PUSH START BUTTON

The audible alarm stops. The voltmeter displays the battery voltage, the ammeter reads 0 and the timer starts. The red LED on the timer illuminates.

H. SET DISCHARGE CURRENT

Slowly turn the multi-turn Ampere Adjust knob clockwise to the desired discharge current. The ammeter displays the current as it is being adjusted.











I. WAIT FOR THE DISCHARGE TEST TO AUTOMATICALLY COMPLETE

During the test the battery voltage, discharge current, and elapsed discharge time are displayed. The voltage will continuously decrease while the current remains constant. The test completes when either the set discharge time or the low cutoff voltage has been reached. An audible alarm sounds and the displays freeze at their final values.

J. 1. IF TEST PASSED

The green Accept lamp illuminates. This indicates the discharge has continued through the duration of the set discharge time (the red LED on the timer is off) without the cutoff voltage being reached. The battery is usually fit for service, after complete recharge. See below under respective battery type.

2. IF TEST FAILED

The Fail lamp illuminates if the discharge has been discontinued because the cutoff voltage has been reached before the completion of the set discharge time. The red LED on the timer remains on, but the time is frozen at the elapsed time at which the test failed. The battery is in need of reconditioning or must be rejected for aircraft service. Refer to the battery



manufacturer's maintenance manual on how to proceed.

K. UPDATE BATTERY RECORDS

Record the discharge capacity test data in the battery records to ensure good maintenance of the battery (see Appendix B).

L. SWITCH AC POWER OFF

Switch the AC on-off/reset switch off before removing the battery.



NOTE: If in emergency it is required to stop the test, switch the unit to off/reset. When the test is restarted the timer is reset to zero. It may be necessary to recharge the battery before resuming the test.

4. DETAILED OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

4.1 DISCHARGE CHARACTERISTICS

The lead-acid and the nickel-cadmium cells are generally assigned nominal open circuit voltages of 2.10 volts and 1.35 volts respectively. Actual open circuit voltage at 75°F/ 25°C for a fully charged battery cell depends on state-of-charge and time after charge.

During discharge, the voltage of the cell or battery immediately begins to decrease because of the effective internal resistance of the cell. This includes the resistance of the terminal posts, active material, plate lugs and grids, separators, and contact resistance between the surface of the active material and the electrolyte. The internal resistance increases during discharge, being greater toward the end of discharge, when the terminal voltage is lower.

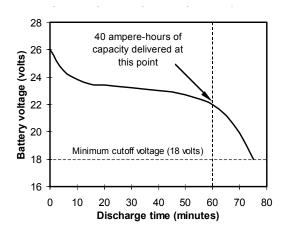
As voltage gradually becomes lower during discharge, the point of near exhaustion is reached. At this point, the discharge voltage curve begins to drop very sharply to a value which is of no further practical use. Usually this happens at 18-20 volts for a 24 volt lead-acid battery and 1 volt per cell for a nickel-cadmium battery (see figure 4-1).

Battery manufacturers specify a cutoff voltage which the battery must exceed during a discharge test to have acceptable capacity. The cutoff voltage varies with the rate of discharge (the discharge current/time combination used to draw the same capacity). For example, the minimum cutoff voltages for a 30 ampere-hour, 24-volt naval aircraft lead-acid storage battery are generally specified as is shown in table 4-1.

Rate of Discharge	Discharge Current	Minimum Cutoff Voltage	
5 hours	6 amperes	21.0 volts	
2 hours	15 amperes	19.2 volts	
1 hour	30 amperes	18.0 volts	

Table 4-1. Cutoff voltages at different discharge rates for a 30 ampere-hour, 24 volt lead-acid battery

The specified final minimum cutoff voltage represents the value of voltage at which the rated ampere-hour capacity of the battery must have been delivered for the specified discharge rate. Figure 4-1 is a typical discharge curve for a 40 ampere-hour sealed lead-acid (SLAB) aircraft storage battery discharged at a 1-hour rate of 40 amperes. From figure 4-1, it is observed that at the end of 1 hour of discharge time, the battery voltage has reduced only to about 22 volts. Because the minimum required cutoff voltage is 18 volts at the 1-hour discharge rate, the battery exceeds the minimum requirements. With increasing hours of use or age, the battery capacity decreases. Therefore, battery manufacturers usually recommend testing for a capacity equal to 80% of the original ampere-hour rating.



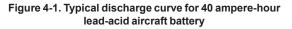


Figure 4-2 illustrates discharge curves for typical SLABs at different discharge rates. Note that the cell voltage drops much more rapidly at the higher discharge rates, i.e. the rates at which a greater current is drawn during a shorter period of time.

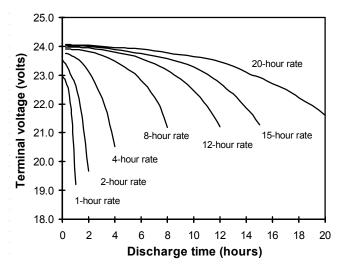


Figure 4-2. Typical discharge curves for SLABs at different rates

The discharge of a lead-acid battery beyond the point of which exhaustion of the cell is approached can be harmful, as the battery may form a sulfate deposit on its plates. This is particularly true if the battery is not soon recharged.

4.2 DISCHARGE CAPACITY TESTING

The purpose of a discharge test is to determine the long-term capacity of the battery. For a lead-acid aircraft battery, for example, the capacity test is the amount of current which can be delivered for one hour or until the voltage decreases to 1.5 volts per cell. This is considered the emergency capacity of the battery. The result of the test will determine whether to accept or reject the battery and which steps could be taken to electrically recondition the battery.

The amount of electrical capacity available from a fully charged nickel-cadmium or leadacid battery is defined by the capacity rating of the battery and is stated in terms of ampere hours. Because of internal resistance, the higher the discharge rate (higher current during a shorter period of time) demanded of a battery, the less usable capacity it can supply. See figure 4-2.

4.2.1 Constant-Current Discharge Method

The most accurate and repeatable method of measuring capacity is to discharge the battery at a constant-current rate. This is also the method used by the Beta D-50. The load resistance in this method is continuously and automatically varied to maintain a constant discharge current as the battery's voltage decreases. A schematic of the circuit diagram for the Beta D-50 can be seen in figure 4-3. At the end of discharge, the calculation of ampere-hour capacity is the product of discharge current and the elapsed discharge time.

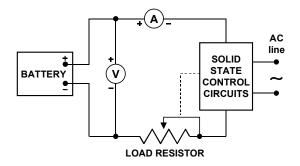


Figure 4-3. Circuit diagram for constant current discharge test

NOTE: Always read the battery manufacturer's operating instructions. Some lead-acid batteries are recommended at a 20 volt cutoff when tested for an hour at 80% of rated capacity. Some nickel-cadmium battery requirements are testing for two hours at half the rated capacity, and a 1 volt per cell cutoff.

4.3 PREPARATION FOR TESTING

Before starting the discharge test, read the component maintenance manual (CMM) or the operating and maintenance manual (OMM) for the specific battery to be tested. Ensure that the discharge rate and cutoff voltage from the battery manufacturer are followed.

It is recommended that a visual inspection of the battery is carried out in conjunction with testing and charging batteries. Samples of Battery Test Records including a visual inspection check lists can be found in Appendix B.

The battery must be fully charged before testing starts, except for special tests.

WARNING: Always turn off the AC power switch before connecting or disconnecting a battery.

NOTE: The test, unless otherwise specified in the manufacturer's CMM/OMM, shall be conducted at room ambient temperature of 70°F to 85°F (21°C to 29°C).

A. SWITCH OFF MAINS POWER

Turn off AC on-off/reset power switch.



B. TURN DOWN DISCHARGE CUR-RENT

Repeatedly turn the Ampere Adjust knob fully counter-clockwise to set discharge current to zero. This prevents excess current, which may be too high for the battery, once the battery is connected and the discharge test has begun.



4.4 DISCHARGE TIME

4.4.1 TIMER UNIT SETTING

The Beta D-50 has a built in timer, allowing discharge time settings from 0 minutes to 999 minutes.

4.4.2 DISCHARGE TIME SETTING

The discharge time is usually set to 60 minutes, after which a pass/fail signal is given based on whether the battery reached the cutoff voltage or not.

To determine the full capacity of the battery a longer time can be set (several hours). The Beta D-50 will then continue the discharge test only until the cutoff voltage has been reached. The timer, cutoff voltage and discharge current displays will freeze at this point. The capacity can be calculated as the product of the discharge current and the time passed until the voltage cutoff was reached.

A list of recommended discharge times for the most common batteries can be in Appendix C, but always refer to your battery manufacturer's maintenance manual for the most accurate information.



C. SET TIMER

Set the timer by adjusting the thumb-dial to the required discharge time (usually 60 minutes)

CAUTION. For lead-acid batteries the time and voltage cutoff should be set with caution. If discharge continues too far beyond the point of exhaustion it may be harmful to the battery, unless the battery is soon to be recharged.

4.5 CUTOFF VOLTAGE

The Beta D-50 will automatically stop the discharge test when the cutoff voltage has been reached. The cutoff voltage is set so that if the battery voltage is higher than the cutoff voltage when the discharge time has expired, the battery has passed the capacity test.

4.5.1 LEAD-ACID BATTERIES

Always refer to your battery manufacturer's maintenance manual for the most accurate information. For a 24 volt sealed lead-acid battery the cutoff voltage is usually set at 18 or 20 volts when discharged one hour at a current equal to the 80% of the battery's C_1 -rate. See table 4-2 for examples of discharge test settings for sealed lead-acid batteries. A list of recommended cutoff voltages for the most common batteries can be found in Appendix C

1-hour rating		Discharge settings		
Volts	Ampere hours	Time (min)	Rate (amperes)	Cutoff (volts)
24	10	60	8	18/20
24	15	60	12	18/20
24	20	60	16	18/20
24	30	60	24	18/20
24	40	60	32	18/20
12	10	60	8	9/10
12	15	60	12	9/10
12	20	60	16	9/10
12	30	60	24	9/10
12	40	60	32	9/10



Table 4-2. Discharge test setting for sealed lead-acid batteries

4.5.2 NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERIES

For nickel-cadmium batteries the cutoff voltage should equate to an average of 1 volt per cell, when discharge tested at a current of approximately 80% of the C_1 -rate. For a 24 volt/10 ampere-hour battery with 19 cells, the cutoff voltage would be set to 19 volts when discharging at 8 amperes (see table 4-3). A list of recommended cutoff voltages for the most common batteries can be in appendix C, but always refer to your battery manufacturer's maintenance manual for the most accurate information.

1-hour rating		Discharge settings		
Volts	Ampere hours	Time (min)	Rate (amperes)	Cutoff (volts)
24	10	60	8	19
24	15	60	12	19
24	20	60	16	19
24	30	60	24	19
24	40	60	32	19
12	10	60	8	10
12	15	60	12	10
12	20	60	16	10
12	30	60	24	10
12	40	60	32	10



Table 4-3. Discharge test setting for nickel-cadmium batteries

4.5.3 SETTING CUTOFF VOLTAGE ON THE BETA D-50

Before setting the cutoff voltage, a battery has to be connected and the unit has to be turned on.

D. CONNECT BATTERY

Connect the battery DC cable to the battery and ensure the connector is plugged in completely.

E. SWITCH ON MAINS POWER

Turn on the AC on-off/reset power switch. An audible alarm sounds, and the Accept lamp illuminates. Meters read all 6's or 8's. The timer reads 0's and its red LED is off.

F. VIEW AND SET CUTOFF VOLTAGE

- a. Press and hold the View Voltage Cutoff button. The set cutoff voltage is shown on the voltmeter display.
- b. Use a 1/16 inch (2 mm) slot blade precision type screw driver to adjust the cutoff voltage to the desired level.

NOTE: Actual cutoff voltages are slightly lower than the set nominal voltage in order to give the battery an "accept advantage" and allowing the operator to observe a marginal battery and decide its acceptance or rejection. The actual cutoff value also depends on how fast the battery voltage is changing. Of course, the higher the voltage at acceptance, the better the battery.

4.6 SETTING DISCHARGE CURRENT

The discharge current in amperes is normally set equal to, or 80% of, the battery nominal 1-hour capacity rating (please refer to the battery manufacturer's maintenance manual). For example, a SLAB battery with a 30 ampere-hour 1-hour capacity rating would be tested with the discharge current set to 24 amperes.

A list of recommended discharge current settings for the most common batteries can be in Appendix C, but always refer to your battery manufacturer's maintenance manual for the most accurate information.

Before setting the discharge current the Beta D-50 must have been connected to the battery (see section 4.5) and the AC power switch must have been turned on.







G. PUSH START BUTTON

The audible alarm stops. The voltmeter displays the battery voltage, the ammeter reads 0 and the timer starts. The red LED on the timer illuminates.

H. SET DISCHARGE CURRENT

Slowly turn the multi-turn Ampere Adjust knob clockwise to the desired discharge current. The ammeter displays the current as it is being adjusted.

4.7 TEST COMPLETION AND ANALYSIS

The Beta D-50 automatically completes the test with the set parameters. It may however be required to measure the individual cell voltages for nickel-cadmium batteries during the test (see section 4.7.2).

I. WAIT FOR THE DISCHARGE TEST TO AUTOMATICALLY COMPLETE

During the test the battery voltage, discharge current, and elapsed discharge times are displayed. The voltage will continuously decrease while the current remains constant. The test completes when either the set discharge time or the low cutoff voltage has been reached. An audible alarm sounds and the displays freeze at their final values.

J. 1. IF TEST PASSED

The green Accept lamp illuminates. This indicates the discharge has continued through the duration of the set discharge time (the red LED on the timer is off) without the cutoff voltage being reached. The battery is usually fit for service, after complete recharge. See 4.7.1 and 4.7.2 for respective battery type.







2. IF TEST FAILED

The Fail lamp illuminates if the discharge has been discontinued because the cutoff voltage has been reached before the completion of the set discharge time. The red LED on the timer remains on, but the time is frozen at the elapsed time at which the test failed. The battery is in need of reconditioning or must be rejected for aircraft service. Refer to the



battery manufacturer's maintenance manual on how to proceed.

4.7.1 LEAD-ACID BATTERY

If the lead-acid battery has been accepted by the Beta D-50 discharge test it has successfully completed the capacity test.

4.7.2 NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERY

Check each cell with a digital voltmeter near the end of the test.

A. If no cells have dropped below 1.0 volts at the end of the specified time the battery has successfully completed the capacity test.

B. If any cells have dropped below 1.0 volt before or at the end of the capacity test the battery must be reconditioned (deep cycled). Please refer to the battery manufacturer's maintenance manual on how to proceed.

K. UPDATE BATTERY RECORDS.

Record the discharge capacity test data in the battery records to ensure good maintenance of the battery (see Appendix B).

L. SWITCH AC POWER OFF.

Switch the AC on-off/reset switch off before removing the battery



NOTE: If in emergency it is required to stop the test, switch the unit to off/reset. When the test is restarted the timer is reset to zero. It may be necessary to recharge the battery before resuming the test.



5. CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE

5.1 OVERVIEW OF CALIBRATION

The Beta D-50 has been calibrated before shipment from the manufacturer. A certificate of calibration with test instruments traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Testing in accordance with MIL-I-45208A has been issued and is enclosed in the back of this manual. Re-calibration is required 12 months after date of first use. To ensure error-free operation over time the unit should be re-calibrated every 12 months depending on usage and changes in surrounding environment.

5.1.1 DIGITAL PANEL METERS

There are two main indicators that can be periodically calibrated: 1) the voltmeter; and 2) the ammeter (see figure 1-1 in section 1). The Beta D-50 is equipped with two sets of test jacks for easy calibration of these digital display meters. In addition the internal shunt, even though calibrated and certified by the shunt manufacturer, could be verified.

5.1.2 TIMER

The timer is a very accurate crystal-controlled device, not prone to error. It cannot be recalibrated, but unless an extremely accurate time reading is required, an accurate analog or digital stop watch is adequate to validate its accuracy.

5.1.3 OPERATING RANGE

The Beta D-50 discharge current operating range can be modified if either 1) the lower limit is off zero; or 2) a maximum limit different than factory-preset 50 amperes discharge current is desired.

WARNING: Calibration should only be performed by trained personnel. If performed incorrectly it could result in electrical shock leading to injury or death.

5.2 VOLTMETER CALIBRATION

To calibrate the Beta D-50 voltmeter, an external calibrated digital voltmeter is required as well as a fully charged battery. The circuit diagram for the calibration can be seen in figure 5-1. The calibration steps are outlined below.

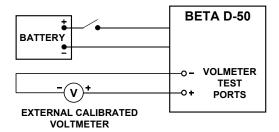


Figure 5-1 - Circuit diagram for voltmeter calibration

A. SWITCH OFF MAINS POWER

Turn off the AC on-off/reset power switch.



B. TURN DOWN DISCHARGE CUR-RENT

Repeatedly turn the Current Adjust knob fully counter-clockwise to set discharge current to zero.

C. SET TIMER

Set the timer by adjusting the thumb-dial to a time that will allow calibration to be completed before the time runs out (for example 60 minutes).





D. CONNECT BATTERY

Connect the battery DC cable to the fully charged battery and ensure the connector is plugged in completely.

E. PLUG IN VOLTMETER

Plug in the external digital voltmeter into the voltmeter calibration ports. Set it to a DC voltage range appropriate for the connected battery.

F. SWITCH ON MAINS POWER

Turn on the AC on-off/reset power switch. An audible alarm sounds, and the Accept lamp illuminates. Meters read all 6's or 8's. The timer reads 0's and its red LED is off.

G. VIEW AND SET CUTOFF VOLTAGE

a. Press and hold the View Voltage Cutoff button. The set cutoff voltage is shown on the voltmeter display.



 Use a 1/16 inch (2 mm) slot blade precision type screw driver to adjust the cutoff voltage. Set it to a value that will allow calibration to be

completed before the cutoff voltage is reached. For example 18 volts for a 24 volt battery or 9 volts for a 12 volt battery.

H. PUSH START BUTTON

The audible alarm stops. The voltmeter displays the battery voltage, the ammeter reads 0 and the timer starts. The red LED on the timer illuminates.

I. COMPARE VOLT READINGS

Compare the Beta D-50 digital voltmeter reading with the external calibrated voltmeter.

 If readings differ less than ± 0.2 volts, the voltmeter is accurately calibrated. Turn AC power off and disconnect battery.



b. If readings differ more than \pm 0.2 volts, continue with steps J through L.



J. REMOVE THE COVER

If voltmeter differs more than $\pm\,0.2$ volts, remove the unit's L-shaped cover by unscrewing the four screws

- a. Two on top left side of unit
- b. Two on bottom right side of unit

WARNING: Calibration needs to be performed with the unit's cover removed as well as both mains power and battery connected. It should only be performed by trained personnel. If performed incorrectly it could result in electrical shock leading to injury or death.





K. CALIBRATE VOLTMETER

The voltmeter can be found on the back side of the front panel. Locate the voltmeter trimpot.

Using a 1/16 inch (2 mm) slot blade precision type screw driver, adjust the embedded trimpot located at the rear of the voltmeter. Adjust until voltmeter reading matches that of the calibrated voltmeter (at least within \pm 0.2 volts).

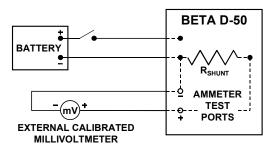


L. REPEAT FOR ADDITIONAL VOLTAGES

To verify the accuracy over the range of the meter, additional voltages could be checked. Since the Beta D-50 digital meters are linear, checking two or three voltages are adequate to verify the range. The easiest way to check an additional voltage is to repeat step I but to turn up the discharge current to 1/3 of the rated ampere-hours (i.e. 13 amperes for a 40 ampere-hour battery).

5.3 AMMETER CALIBRATION

To calibrate the Beta D-50 ammeter, an external calibrated digital voltmeter, set to the millivolt range, is required as well as a fully charged battery. The millivoltmeter will read the millivolts dropped across the Beta D-50 internal shunt when a discharge current is drawn. The circuit diagram for the calibration can be seen in figure 5-2. The calibration steps are outlined below.





A. SWITCH OFF MAINS POWER

Turn off the AC on-off/reset power switch.

B. TURN DOWN DISCHARGE CURRENT

Repeatedly turn the Current Adjust knob fully counter-clockwise to set discharge current to zero.



C. SET TIMER

Set the timer by adjusting the thumb-dial to a time that will allow calibration to be completed before the time runs out (for example 60 minutes).



D. CONNECT BATTERY

Connect the battery DC cable to the battery and ensure the connector is plugged in completely.

E. PLUG IN MILLIVOLTMETER

Plug in the external voltmeter into the ammeter calibration ports. Set it to a millivolts setting (most voltmeters have a 300 mV setting).



F. SWITCH ON MAINS POWER

Turn on the AC on-off/reset power switch. An audible alarm sounds, and the Accept lamp illuminates. Meters read all 6's or 8's. The timer reads 0's and its red LED is off.

G. VIEW AND SET CUTOFF VOLTAGE

a. Press and hold the View Voltage Cutoff button. The set cutoff voltage is shown on the voltmeter display.



 b. Use a 1/16 inch (2 mm) slot blade precision type screw driver to adjust the cutoff voltage. Set it to a value that will allow calibration to be completed before the cutoff voltage is reached. For example 18 volts for a 24 volt battery or 9 volts for a 12 volt battery.

H. PUSH START BUTTON

The audible alarm stops. The voltmeter displays the battery voltage, the ammeter reads 0 and the timer starts. The red LED on the timer illuminates.

I. SET DISCHARGE CURRENT

Turn the Ampere Adjust knob clockwise to the rated ampere-hours, i.e. 40 amperes for 40 ampere-hour battery. The ammeter displays the current as it is being adjusted.



J. COMPARE READINGS

Compare the Beta D-50 digital ammeter with the external millivoltmeter. The external meter reads the millivolt drop across a 50 ampere/50 millivolt shunt. Every millivolt read on the external millivoltmeter represents 1 ampere. The readings should be within \pm 0.2 millivolts (amperes).



- a. If readings differ less than ± 0.2 millivolts, the ammeter is accurately calibrated. Turn AC power off and disconnect battery.
- b. If readings differ more than ± 0.2 millivolts, continue with steps K through M.

K. REMOVE THE COVER

If voltmeter differs more than \pm 0.2 amperes (millivolts), remove the unit's L-shaped cover by unscrewing the four screws

- a. Two on top left side of unit
- b. Two on bottom right side of unit

WARNING: Calibration needs to be performed with the unit's cover removed as well as both mains power and battery connected. It should only be performed by trained personnel. If performed incorrectly it could result in electrical shock leading to injury or death.





L. CALIBRATE AMMETER

The ammeter can be found on the back side of the front panel. Locate the ammeter trimpot.

Using a 1/16 inch (2 mm) slot blade precision type screw driver, adjust the embedded trimpot located at the rear of the ammeter. Adjust until ammeter



reading matches that of the calibrated millivoltmeter (at least within ± 0.2 amperes or millivolts).

M. REPEAT FOR ADDITIONAL CURRENT SETTINGS

To verify the accuracy over the range of the meter, additional current settings could be checked. Since the Beta D-50 digital meters are linear, checking two or three current settings are adequate to verify the range. The easiest way to check additional current settings is to repeat steps I and J but setting a lower discharge current in step I.

5.4 SHUNT VERIFICATION

The Beta D-50 internal shunt is calibrated and certified by the shunt manufacturer. The shunt is a linear resistive device consisting of a heavy brass base and heavy manganin (copper alloy) resistance. It is not necessary to calibrate the shunt, however the shunt could be verified with the help of an external calibrated shunt and a millivoltmeter (see figure 5-3).

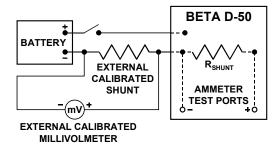


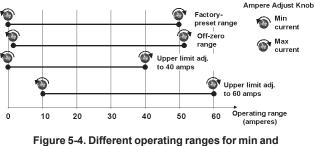
Figure 5-3 Circuit diagram for shunt verification

5.5 OPERATING RANGE

The main Beta D-50 circuit board P/N R/G550 has a factory-preset trimpot, R14, for the discharge current operating range. It is normally not necessary to re-calibrate the range, but the range can be adjusted based on the specific application.

5.5.1 SETTING LOWER LIMIT TO ZERO

The lower limit can be adjusted if it is not possible to decrease the unit's discharge current completely to zero amperes (see figure 5-4). Ensure that the ammeter has been correctly calibrated (see section 5-3) before attempting to adjust the operating range. Follow the instructions below to adjust the lower limit.



max Ampere Adjust Knob settings

5.5.2 CHANGING UPPER LIMIT

The upper limit of the range can be set to a higher value than the factory-preset 50 amperes. Please contact the factory if a discharge rate of more than 50 amperes is required.

B. TURN DOWN DISCHARGE CURRENT

Turn the Current Adjust knob fully counter-clockwise to set discharge current to zero.

C. CONNECT BATTERY

Connect the battery DC cable to a charged battery and ensure the connector is plugged in completely. If the upper limit is being adjusted the battery needs to be able to support the upper limit current while the limit is adjusted.

D. REMOVE THE COVER

Remove the unit's L-shaped cover by unscrewing the four screws

- a. Two on top left side of unit
- b. Two on bottom right side of unit

WARNING: Calibration needs to be performed with the unit's cover removed as well as both mains power and battery connected. It should only be performed by trained personnel. If performed incorrectly it could result in electrical shock leading to injury or death.





E. SWITCH ON MAINS POWER

Turn on the AC on-off/reset power switch. An audible alarm sounds, and the Accept lamp illuminates. Meters read all 6's or 8's. The timer reads 0's and its red LED is off.

F. SET TIMER

Set the timer by adjusting the thumb-dial to a time that will allow the adjustment to be completed before the time runs out (for example 60 minutes). A D-50 DISCHARGE CAPACITY TEST



G. 1. TO ADJUST LOWER LIMIT

Proceed to step H.

2. TO ADJUST UPPER LIMIT

Set cutoff voltage. Press and hold the View Voltage Cutoff button. Use a 1/16 inch (2 mm) slot blade precision type screw driver to adjust



the cutoff voltage. Set it to a value that will support the upper limit current and allow the adjustment to be completed before the cutoff voltage is reached. For example 18 volts for a 24 volt battery or 9 volts for a 12 volt battery.

H. PUSH START BUTTON

The audible alarm stops. The voltmeter displays the battery voltage, the ammeter reads 0 and the timer starts. The red LED on the timer illuminates.

I. LOCATE THE TRIMPOT R14

Find the printed circuit board (PCB) R/G 550. Locate the trimpot with R14 marked next to it on the PCB.

J. 1. TO ADJUST LOWER LIMIT

Adjust R14 slowly clockwise until the digital ammeter reads 0.1-0.2 amperes.

2. TO ADJUST UPPER LIMIT

a. Turn the Ampere Adjust knob fully clockwise to the maximum discharge current



b. Turn R14 fully clockwise. Then adjust it back counter-clockwise until the digital ammeter reads the desired maximum discharge current.

5.6 MAINTENANCE

Standard electrical equipment maintenance and cleaning procedures should be followed.

5.6.1 VENTS AND FAN

Regularly check that the rear fan vents are clean to ensure adequate cooling of the unit. This is especially important when the unit is placed in a dusty or otherwise dirty air environment.

5.6.2 DC BATTERY CABLE AND LEADS

Inspect DC battery cable and connector periodically. Replace damaged or worn cable.

WARNING: Disconnect AC voltage and battery before attempting to replace or secure cable

The DC cable contains 4 leads. Two are heavy-gauge DC current leads for the battery discharge current. Two are light-gauge leads for sensing the battery voltage. Each current carrying lead has its sensing lead attached at the battery quick disconnect.

To replace DC battery cable proceed as follows:

- 1) Disconnect AC line and battery
- 2) Remove unit cover
- 3) Replace old cable from connector and unit
- Make sure that each sensing lead is securely soldered or crimped to the termination of the DC cable at the connector and at the internal termination
- 5) Check all leads for tightness

5.6.3 REPLACEMENT OF FUSES

The Beta D-50 is equipped with two fuses. One 3 ampere AC line fuse and one 70 ampere DC line fuse. See specification in section 7 for the specific types of fuses required.

WARNING: Disconnect AC voltage and battery before attempting to replace any fuses.

To replace the AC line fuse unscrew the fuse cover on the rear of the unit and exchange the old fuse (see picture).

To replace the DC line fuses remove the unit cover. Remove the old fuse from the fuse holder located on either the base or the side of the unit. Replace with the new fuse.



5.6.4 CLEANING AGENTS

Do not use acetone and other similar cleaning agents on the meters, timer or any plastic part.

6. TROUBLE-SHOOTING

<u>Problem</u>	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
A. Unit will not turn on	The AC power is not connected to unit	Check AC line with voltmeter
	AC line fuse is blown. May be due to incorrect AC line voltage setting.	Ensure correct AC line voltage setting on back of unit. (see section 2.1)
		Replace AC line fuse located on the lower right hand side on the rear of the unit (see section 5.6)
B. Unit turns on but will not start (timing)	Timer is set to zero time, or incorrectly to seconds or low decimal unit.	Increase the timer setting (see section 4.4)
C. Battery voltage reading erratic or not reading	Voltage sensing lead(s) at battery connector loose or broken	Replace or secure leads with both AC voltage and battery disconnected (see section 5.6)
 D. Discharge test will not start 	Battery is not sufficiently charged to start the test	Recharge battery before retrying discharge test
	Timer is set to zero time, or incorrectly to seconds or low decimal unit.	Increase the timer setting (see section 4.4)
	Cutoff voltage set higher than the actual battery voltage	Reset the cutoff voltage to a lower voltage (see section 4.6) or recharge battery.
	The lead-acid battery is sulfated and will not support a load	Recondition or reject the battery
E. Battery sufficiently charged but discharge test fails immediately as discharge current is increased	High resistance or open circuit in DC cable at Elcon connector, in the cable itself, or in the voltage sensing leads attached to connector	Inspect and measure resistance in DC cable and connector. If high or intermittent high resistance, the cable needs to be replaced
	The lead-acid battery is sulfated	Check all terminals. Set a low discharge current and look for arcing or heat generation.
	The nickel-cadmium battery inter-cell connectors are loose or contaminated causing high resistance	Check all terminals and inter- cell connectors. Set a low discharge current and look for arcing or heat generation.

<u>Problem</u>	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
F. Discharge current immediately surges to a high value and blows DC fuse even though the current adjust knob is set low	Reversed polarity of battery connection	Ensure that polarity is respected on battery connection. If connector has been removed ensure that DC leads are not reversed.
	Defective power control module	With AC voltage and battery disconnected, open unit and remove heavy leads from terminals on black 3"x2" (75mmx50mm) power module. Check resistance between terminals with ohmmeter. If short circuit, call Power Products technical service at (415) 479-5047.

If trouble cannot be located contact Power Products technical services at (415) 479-5047

7. SPECIFICATIONS

AC Line Input:		115 volts \pm 10%, 50/60Hz, 3 amperes <u>or</u> 230 volts \pm 10%, 50/60Hz, 1.5 amperes (selectable on rear of unit)	
DC Discharge	Capacity	0-50 amperes adjustable current	
<u>Current:</u>	Accuracy	< ± 2% from discharge initiation to cut-off	
<u>Timer</u>	Setting	Adjustable from 0 to 999 minutes	
	Accuracy	< ± 0.1%	
Digital	Voltmeter	< ± 0.2 volts	
Meter Accuracy	Ammeter	< ± 0.2 amperes	
Cooling:		Fan cooled	
Housing:		Aluminum chassis	
Outer Dimensions:	Height	14 in. (356 mm)	
	Depth	15 in. (381 mm)	
	Width	10 ¼ in. (260 mm)	
AC Line Cord:		AWG 16 3 wire grounded 6 ft long with 115 volt 15 ampere plug. User required to change to 230 volt plug	
DC Discharge		4 ft long, with Aircraft battery connector	
<u>Cable:</u> Weight: ————————————————————————————————————		Net 30 lbs. (13.6 kg) Shipping 35 lbs. (15.9 kg)	
Fuses:	AC line fuse	3A/250V, type MDA 1 ¼ x ¼	
	DC line fuse	70AMAXI Fuse	
<u>Modes:</u>		Analysis (automatic cut-off) and deep cycle (full discharge) with cutoff set to one volt.	

APPENDIX

APPENDIX A - BATTERY OVERVIEW

CLASSES OF BATTERIES

Batteries can be divided into two major classes: primary and secondary. The primary batteries are not practically reusable once its useful energy has been discharged. The secondary battery is rechargeable. In the following only secondary batteries will be covered.

SECONDARY BATTERIES

Secondary batteries differ from primary batteries in that they may be recharged. Some of the materials in the cells of primary batteries are usually consumed in the process of changing chemical energy into electrical energy. In the secondary system, the materials are transferred from one electrode to the other as the cells discharge. The cells are restored to their original state of charge by forcing an electric current through the cells in a direction opposite to that of the discharge. These batteries are used in a multitude of applications ranging from megawatt sizes in submarines to milliwatt sizes in portable radios.

LEAD-ACID BATTERIES, VENTED OR SEALED (SLAB)

The lead-acid battery is a rechargeable system using acid electrolyte (sulfuric acid and water). Lead-acid batteries may be vented or sealed. The advantages of lead-acid batteries are that they have a low initial cost, require low maintenance, and their discard cost is low. The SLAB, on a per-weight basis, provides as much power as a nickel-cadmium battery. Lead-acid batteries shed active material from the positive plate, proportional to the number of charge/discharge cycles. This results in diminishing battery performance with age and loss of active material on the positive plates due to the washing action of the gas bubbles generated during charge. The open circuit voltage of a fully charged cell is about 2.1-2.2 volts. The discharge voltage is about 2.0 volts and varies with temperature, discharge rate, charge state, and age. The SLAB must be charged in a constant potential mode.

The lead-acid battery is the most widely used of the secondary battery types. Major applications include automobiles, aircraft, aircraft support equipment, and various industrial applications.

NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERIES

The nickel-cadmium battery is a rechargeable system using alkaline electrolyte (a 31% aqueous solution potassium hydroxide). Nickel-cadmium batteries, which may be vented or sealed, have overcharge capability, high rate charge acceptance and nearly constant discharge voltage. The disadvantages are the high initial and maintenance costs as well as the cost to discard the battery at the end of life. The open circuit voltage of a fully charged cell is about 1.35 volts. The discharge voltage is about 1.2 to 1.1 volts and varies with temperature, discharge rate, charge state, and age.

Nickel-cadmium batteries are used in auxiliary power units, aircraft engine starting, space satellite power, missile electrical systems, and electrical propulsion

DEFINITIONS

AMPERE-HOURS. The term "ampere-hours" is a unit of measure that refers to the electrical capacity of a battery. It is the product of the current in amperes multiplied by the period of time in hours during which the current is delivered. For example, a battery that discharges at 5.0 amperes for 4.0 hours has delivered 5.0×4.0 or 20 ampere-hours. To convert ampere-minutes to ampere-hours, simply divide by 60. E.g. 10 amperes x 40 minutes = 400/60 ampere-hours = 6.6 ampere-hours.

CUTOFF VOLTAGE. The cutoff voltage is the voltage point on the discharge curve, for a specified discharge rate, at which the battery or cell is considered to be discharged for all practical purposes. To discharge beyond this point will yield little useful power due to the subsequent rapid voltage drop that occurs.

CAPACITY RATE (C₁-RATE). The capacity rating of a lead-acid or nickel-cadmium battery is based on a one hour discharge rate with the battery initially at temperature 77.5°F (25°C) and a cutoff terminal voltage of 18.0 volts for a 24-volt battery or 9.0 volts for a 12-volt battery. For example, a 24-volt battery rated at 30.0 ampere-hours should deliver 30.0 amperes for a minimum of 1.0 hours before reaching the 18.0 volts cutoff voltage. This is a one-hour, C₁-rate discharge.

APPENDIX B - EXAMPLES OF BATTERY TEST RECORDS

- a. Sealed lead-acid batteries
- b. Vented lead-acid batteries
- c. Nickel-cadmium batteries (2 pages)

TEST RECORDS FOR SEALED LEAD-ACID BATTERY

SEALED		CID BAT						
BASE SQUADRO AIRCRAFT BUNO M SER NO	AFG OF I	BATTERY	ľ		M	Е		
LAST DATE BATTERY SERVICED <u>GENERAL CHECKLIST:</u> 1. EXTERNALLY CLEAN AND CORR 2. CONDITION OF OUTPUT CONNEC 3. HEATER BLANKET TEST OK	OSION F TOR OK	REE						
	<u>CHA</u>	RGING F	ECORD					
1. OPEN-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE								
2. CHARGING CURRENT	AM	PERES						
3. BATTERY VOLTAGE: (on charge) (Initial charge) TIME In Hrs STAI	RT 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
9	10	11				15	16	
	CAPAC	ITY TEST	Г RECOR					
1. DISCHARGE RATE IN AMPERES 2. PASSED CAPACITY TEST: YES	;	NO						
3. CAPACITY DISCHARGED AT THI				N AMPI	SKE-HO	UKS		
1. BATTERY VOLTAGE: (on charge)	<u>CHA</u>	RGING F	ECORD					
(Final charge) TIME In Hrs STAR	T 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
LEAKAGE TEST OK AFTER FINAL (
REMARKS:								

TEST RECORDS FOR VENTED LEAD-ACID BATTERY

LEAD-ACID BATTERY TEST RECORD DATE											
BASE SQUADRON OR ACTIVITY BATTERY FROM AIRCRAFT BUNO											
MFG OF BATTERY TYPE SER NO											
LAST DATE BATTERY SERVICED											
GENERAL CHECKLIST: 1. EXTERNALLY CLEAN AND CORROSION FREE 2. CONDITION OF OUTPUT CONNECTOR OK 3. CONDITION OF VENT CAPS OK 4. ELECTROLYTE LEVELS OK 4. ELECTROLYTE LEVELS OK 5. LEAKAGE TEST LEVELS OK (AFTER 6. CHARGING)											
CHARGING RECORD											
1. PRECHARGE OPEN-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE (2ND CHARGE)* 2. PRECHARGE TEMPERATURE (CELL NO. 2) °F (2ND CHARGE)*											
3. PRECHARGE SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF CELLS FROM POSITIVE END OF BATTERY : CELL 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12											
CELL I Z S 4 S 6 7 6 9 10 11 12 SPECIFIC GRAVITY											
SPECIFIC GRAVITY											
CHARGING VOLTAGE(CONSTANT POTENTIAL METHOD); END OF CHARGE CURRENT(AMPERES) CHARGING CURRENT (CONSTANT CURRENT METHOD); START(AMPERES); FINISH(AMPERES) CHARGING TIME: START RATE, FROM TO; FINISH RATE, FROM TO 7. TOTAL AMPERE-HOUR INPUT (IF CONSTANT CURRENT METHOD USED) 8. RECORD FOR CHARGE MONITORING											
TIME OF READING CURREN (AMPERES) BATTERY VOLTAGE SPECIFIC GRAVITY (CELL NO. 1) TEMP PILOT CELL CELL NO. 2) CELL NO. 2) CELL NO. 2) CELL NO. 2) GRAVITY											
CAPACITY TEST RECORD 1. DISCHARGE RATE IN AMPERES; CUTOFF POTENTIALVOLTS AT END OF HOURS.											
2. PASSED CAPACITY TEST: YES; NO 3. CAPACITY DISCHARGED AT THE END OF CUTOFF TIME IN AMPERE-HOURS											
REMARKS:											

* FOR USE WHEN CHARGING AFTER CAPACITY TEST

TEST RECORDS FOR NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERY - P. 1(2)

NICKEL-CADMIUM	-	-													
IMA ORG. CODE	OMA ORG. COE	DE I	DATE		All	RCRAF	T BURE	AU NO.			AIRCRAFT TYPE				
BATTERY MANUFACTUR	ER	1	BATTERY	YPE	SE	SERIAL NUMBER DATE LAST ISSUED									
Α.		INSP	ECT FO	R						C	LEAN				
1. LOOSE OR CORRO 2. LEAKING CELLS 3. DAMAGED VENT C, 4. DAMAGED HARDW, 5. OBSTRUCTED CELI 6. CONTAINER AND C	APS AND O-RING ARE - AND CONTAINE	s		Yes	No	1. 2.		I WITH		CONTAI P CLOT DRS AN BRUSH	Ή ID CEL	LTOP	S WITH	NON-	
B. CAPACITY DET	ERMINATION C	HARGE	TIME	(OPT):	STAF	RT					FINIS	н			
1. FIVE MINUTES PRIO INDICATE DISCREP a. HIGH VOLTAO 1 2 3		CLE). VOLTS)		ON-CHA 9	RGE C 10	ELL V	OLTAG 12	iES. 13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	E (BELOW 1.50 \	,													
1 2 3 2. CELL VOLTAGE BA	4 5			9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
NOTE: 0.35 1 2 3	VOLTS MAXIMUN	ALLOWE		EEN HIGI 9	HEST A	AND LO	OWEST	r VOLT. 13	AGE. 14	15	16	17	18	19	20
				Ĵ	10		12	13	14	15	10		10	19	120
3. AFTER COMPLETIC DESTILLED WATER 1 2 3 C. ELECTRICAL LE 2. LEAKAGE CURREN NOTE: 0.75	ADDED TO CELL 4 5	(CIRCLE) 6 7 //ILLIAMPS	IAT THE E). 8 6/ + TERN	9 I. TO CAS	10 5E	11	12	13 MILLIA	14 .MPS/ ·	15	16	17	FLE. 18	19	20
D. CAPACITY DET	ERMINATION [DISCHAR	GE	TIME	(OPT):	: STA	RT				FINIS	SH			
1. LOW CELL VOLTAG 1 2 3 1. CAPACITY TEST YII	4 5	6 7	8	9		OF DI 11		RGE. IN 13	DICAT 14	E LOW 15	CELL. 16	(CIRCI 17	-E) 18	19	20
NOTE: IF BA	TTERY REQUIRE	EMENTS C	OF STEP /	A, B, C, A	ND D, I	PROC	EED T	O STEF	ч.						
E. CELL EQUALIZ	ATION (IF CELL	S MARK	ED FOR	REPLA	CEME	NT)									
	ON FIXTURE ATT			TERY VC	OLTAGE	EREA	DS ZEF	RO.							
	TIME		_ON	TIME_			0	DFF							

TEST RECORDS FOR NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERY - P. 2(2)

F. CHAF					17471	אר	TIME): STA	DT					FINIS	:н												
1. FIVE N	INUTES	PRIOF		ND OF	CHARC						OLTAC	GES.			TINC													
	ATE DIS HIGH V(2																						
a. 1	2 nigh vi	3	4 (ABU	v = 1.00	6	3) 7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20									
-							Ū	0	10			10							20									
1	2	3	(BELC	5	6	5) 7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20									
2. CELL VOLTAGE BALANCE HIGH CELL VOLTS. LOW CELL VOLTS. NOTE: 0.35 VOLTS MAXIMUM ALLOWED BETWEEN HIGHEST AND LOWEST VOLTAGE.																												
1	NOTE: 2	0.35 V	OLTS N 4	AXIMU 5	JM ALL 6	OWED	BETWE 8	EN HI0	GHEST 10	AND L	OWES 12	T VOLT	AGE. 14	15	16	17	18	19	20									
	<u>т</u>						- -	-																				
							ACTUA			PTION																		
		FTION	OF CH		ENSR	F THAT						CHICE		BOVE 1	THE CE		FIF											
3. AFTER COMPLETION OF CHARGE, ENSRE THAT THE ELECTROLYTE LEVEL IN EACH CELL IS ABOVE THE CELL BAFFLE. DESTILLED WATER ADDED TO CELL (CIRCLE).																												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20									
G. CAP	ACITY	DISCH	ARGE	FOLL	OWIN	G EQL	JALIZA	TION	Т	IME (C	OPT):	STAR	Т		FINIS	H												
	ELL VC																											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20									
. CAPAC	CITY TE	ST YIEL	D			_ AMP	ERE-HO	OURS																				
I. CELL	DISCH	IARGE	AND	DISAS	SEM	BLY (IF	CELL	S MAR	RKED	FOR F	REPLA	CEME	NT OF	R CLEA	ANING	5)												
. EQUA	IZATIO	N FIXTU	JRE AT	TACHE	D TO	BATTER	RY MINI	мим с	DF FOL	IR HOU	IRS T					E OFF			-									
	DISAS	SEMBL	E BAT	TERY (REPAI	RABLE	S)			6.			seble Ue vai	BATTE UES	RY US	ING PR	OPER											
									· C \	7.		IF CEL	LS RE	PLACE	D, RET	URN T	O STEF	Р В.										
				- (O ZERC WITH N		5)	8.		IF NO	CELLS	REPLA	ACED F	ROCE	ED TO											
Ē	OR SI	RVICA	BLE CI	ELLS (C	ISCH/	RGE T	O ZERC	VOLT	S)	0.		STEP	Ι.															
· 🗌	CLEA	N AND I	DRY AL	L PAR	TS																							
FINAL	CHAR	GE (IF	NO C	ELLSI	MARK	ED FC	R REF	PLACE	MENT) TIM	1E (OF	PT): S	TART		F	INISH												
	CELL	VENT C	CAPS C	LEANE	D AND					5.		BATTE	RY CC	NTAIN	ER AN	D COV	ER PRO	OPERLY	Y									
				STRUC						-		MARK		LEAKA	GF WI	THIN I	IMITS											
	CHAF	GE CO	MPLET	ED	TIM	E			_	6.		(AS PE	ER STE	PC)														
	ELEC	TROLY	TE ADJ	USTED	TIM	E			_	7.				PREVE			ED WI	тн										
		RCELL A			L CON	NECTIO	ONS TO	RQUE	D	8.		CELL	VOLTA	GE BAL	ANCE	D WITH	IN LIM	ITS										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20									
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REMARK	s								51100																			
	RVICIN	3 COM												ISSUE		INSTA		N										
DATE SERVICING COMPLETED BOOST CHARGED OR TRICKLE CHARGED DATE ISSUED FOR INSTALLATION BEFORE ISSUED																												
						REFOR	RE ISSU	ED											CERTIFIED BY (SIGNATURE AND TITLE) DATE									
ERTIFIE	ED BY (BIGNAT	URE A		E)	BELOP	REISSU	ED					DATE															

APPENDIX C - BATTERY DISCHARGE GUIDE

- a. CONCORDE
- b. GILL (Teledyne)
- c. MARATHON
- d. SAFT

Note: These battery discharge guides are for reference only! Use battery manufactures specifications for current and voltage cutoff settings.

CONCORDE

Concord aircraft batteries should be discharge tested according to the steps below. The following table is a guide for the most common types. Always refer to the battery manufacturer's maintenance manual for the most accurate information.

- a. Stabilize the battery at 59°F (15°C) or higher. The battery must be at the temperature for at least 24 hours.
- b. Discharge the battery at the test rate, or the rate and end point voltage (EPV) specified by the airframe manufacturer, for essential power. Use an end point voltage of 10 volts for 12 volt batteries or 20 volts for 24 volt batteries. If there is no test rate specified use 80% of the C,-rate.
- c. Record the time to EPV.
- d. The battery is acceptable for continuous use if the ampere-hour capacity (actual hours of discharge x ampere rate of discharge) is greater than 85% of the nominal rated capacity (C₁) shown on the label.

		1-hou	r rating		Capacity Test	
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
RG-380E/40	12	24	38	to cutoff	30.4	20
RG-380E/44	12	24	42	to cutoff	33.6	20
RG-380E/60	12	24	48	to cutoff	38.4	20
RG-390E	12	24	28	to cutoff	22.4	20
RG-400E	12	24	11	to cutoff	8.8	20
RG-400E/13	12	24	13	to cutoff	10.4	20
RG-45	12	24	12	to cutoff	9.6	20
RG-46	12	24	12	to cutoff	9.6	20
RG-47	12	24	17	to cutoff	13.6	20
RG-91	12	24	22	to cutoff	17.6	20
RG-639	12	24	25	to cutoff	20.0	20
RG-900	12	24	25	to cutoff	20.0	20
RG-445	12	24	18	to cutoff	14.4	20

Commercial Aircraft – Turbine Starting Series

Commercial Aircraft – Special

		1-hou	r rating	Capacity Test				
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)		
RG-B1B	12	24	15	to cutoff	12.0	20		
RG-6-DOD	12	24	1.5	to cutoff	1.2	20		

		1-hou	r rating		Capacity Test	
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
RG-119	12	24	22	to cutoff	17.6	20
RG-206	12	24	17	to cutoff	13.6	20
RG-214	12	24	44	to cutoff	35.2	20
RG-222	12	24	17	to cutoff	13.6	20
RG-265	12	24	26	to cutoff	20.8	20
RG-350	12	24	17	to cutoff	13.6	20
RG-355	12	24	17	to cutoff	13.6	20
RG-407	12	24	27	to cutoff	21.6	20
RG-500	12	24	17	to cutoff	13.6	20
RG-600	12	24	17	to cutoff	13.6	20

Commercial Aircraft – Helicopter Series

Commercial Aircraft – Emergency Power

		1-hou	r rating		Capacity Test	
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
RG-13(INS)	12	24	12	to cutoff	9.6	20
RG-125	12	24	3.5	to cutoff	2.8	20
RG-126	12	24	3.5	to cutoff	2.8	20
RG-128	12	24	3.8	to cutoff	3.0	20
RG-121-1 & -2	12	24	1.5	to cutoff	1.2	20
RG-122-1 & -2	12	24	1.5	to cutoff	1.2	20
RG-123	12	24	10	to cutoff	8.0	20
RG-124	12	24	17	to cutoff	13.6	20
RG-121-3 & -4	12	24	3.3	to cutoff	2.6	20
RG-122-3 & -4	12	24	3.3	to cutoff	2.6	20

Commercial Aircraft – Light Aircraft

		1-hou	r rating		Capacity Test	
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
RG-25	6	12	22	to cutoff	17.6	10
RG-25XC	6	12	26	to cutoff	20.8	10
RG-35A	6	12	31	to cutoff	24.8	10
RG-35AXC	6	12	34	to cutoff	27.2	10
RG24-11	12	24	11	to cutoff	8.8	20
RG24-11M	12	24	11	to cutoff	8.8	20
RG24-15	12	24	13.6	to cutoff	10.9	20
RG24-15M	12	24	13.6	to cutoff	10.9	20
RG24-20	12	24	19	to cutoff	15.2	20

		1-hou	r rating		Capacity Test	
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
D8565/3-3	12	24	15	cutoff	12.0	20
D8565/4-1	12	24	7.5	cutoff	6.0	20
D8565/5-1	12	24	30	cutoff	24.0	20
D8565/5-2	12	24	30	cutoff	24.0	20
D8565/6-1	12	24	1.5	cutoff	1.2	20
D8565/7-1	12	24	24	cutoff	19.2	20
D8565/7-2	12	24	24	cutoff	19.2	20
D8565/8-1	12	24	15	cutoff	12.0	20
D8565/9-1	12	24	24	cutoff	19.2	20
D8565/9-2	12	24	24	cutoff	19.2	20
D8565/11-1	12	24	10	cutoff	8.0	20
D8565/11-2	12	24	10	cutoff	8.0	20
D8565/13-1	12	24	10	cutoff	8.0	20
D8565/14-1	12	24	15	cutoff	12.0	20
D8565/15-1	12	24	35	cutoff	28.0	20

Military Aircraft (SLAB)

Commercial Aircraft – General Aviation (Vented Lead-Acid)

		1-hou	r rating		Capacity Test	
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
CB-25	6	12	18	cutoff	14.4	10
CB-35A	6	12	23	cutoff	18.4	10
CB24-11	12	24	10	cutoff	8.0	20
CB24-11M	12	24	10	cutoff	8.0	20
CB24-380E	12	24	45	cutoff	36.0	20
CB24-382E	12	24	40	cutoff	32.0	20
CB24-39E	12	24	25	cutoff	20.0	20
CB24-40E	12	24	14	cutoff	11.2	20

Military Aircraft (Vented Lead-Acid)

		1-hou	r rating		Capacity Test	
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
M83769/1-1	12	24	31	cutoff	24.8	20
M83769/2-1	12	24	18	cutoff	14.4	20
M83769/3-1	12	24	9.5	cutoff	7.6	20
M83769/4-1	12	24	18	cutoff	14.4	20
M83769/5-1	12	24	31	cutoff	24.8	20
M83769/6-1	12	24	31	cutoff	24.8	20

GILL (Teledyne)

A fully charged Teledyne Gill aircraft battery is considered serviceable if it meets 80% of the 30 minute emergency capacity rating. Connect a fully charged battery to the appropriate load. If after 24 minutes (80% of 30) the battery voltage is at or above 1.75 volts per cell (10.5 volts minimum for 12 volt and 21.0 volts minimum for 24 volt batteries) it is serviceable. Replace the battery if it fails to meet this requirement.

Always refer to the battery manufacturer's maintenance manual for the most accurate information.

		1-hou	r rating		Capacity Test	
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
G-25	6	12	18	24	18.0	10.5
G-35	6	12	23	24	23.0	10.5
G-25M	6	12	18	24	18.0	10.5
G-35M	6	12	23	24	23.0	10.5
G-88	6	12	65	24	65.0	10.5
GE-50C	12	24	31	24	31.0	21.0
GE-50E	12	24	31	24	31.0	21.0
GE-51C	12	24	22	24	22.0	21.0
GE-51E	12	24	22	24	22.0	21.0
GE-54C	12	24	10	24	10.0	21.0
GE-54E	12	24	10	24	10.0	21.0
G-240	12	24	8	24	8.0	21.0
G-241	12	24	8	24	8.0	21.0
G-242	12	24	10	24	10.0	21.0
G-243	12	24	10	24	10.0	21.0
G-244	12	24	18	24	18.0	21.0
G-245	12	24	18	24	18.0	21.0
G-246	12	24	19	24	19.0	21.0
G-247	12	24	19	24	19.0	21.0
G-638E	12	24	37	24	37.0	21.0
G-638C	12	24	37	24	37.0	21.0
G-6381E	12	24	43	24	43.0	21.0
G-6381C	12	24	43	24	43.0	21.0
G-639E	12	24	26	24	26.0	21.0
G-639C	12	24	26	24	26.0	21.0
G-640E	12	24	14	24	14.0	21.0
G-640C	12	24	14	24	14.0	21.0
G-641	12	24	16	24	16.0	21.0

Commercial Aircraft Batteries (Vented Lead-Acid)

		1-hour rating		Capacity Test		
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
M83769/1-1	12	24	31	24	31.0	21.0
M83769/2-1	12	24	18	24	18.0	21.0
M83769/3-1	12	24	8.4	24	8.4	21.0
M83769/4-1	12	24	18	24	18.0	21.0
M83769/5-1	12	24	31	24	31.0	21.0
M83769/6-1	12	24	31	24	31.0	21.0

Military Spec Batteries (Vented Lead-Acid)

Military Spec Batteries (SLAB)

		1-hour rating		Capacity Test		
Battery Model	#Cells	Ampere Volts -hours		Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
G-30S	12	24	15	24	15.0	21.0
G-35S	12	24	19	24	19.0	21.0
G-639ES	12	24	24	24	24.0	21.0
G-6381ES	12	24	44	24	44.0	21.0

MARATHON

If following a charge, and a noticeable rise in battery temperature has occurred (warm to the hand) allow the battery to cool prior to proceeding with capacity test. When battery is cool proceed with capacity test (measure discharge versus time) using one of the following discharge rates:

- C₁-rate for 51 minutes 85% capacity requirement to minimum acceptable end voltage of 1.0 volts per cell for in-service batteries.
- C₁ rate for 60 minutes minimum for new batteries.

OR

- C₁/2 rate for 120 minutes 100% capacity requirement to minimum acceptable end voltage of 1.0 volts per cell for in-service batteries.
- $C_1/2$ rate for 135 minutes minimum for new batteries.

If no cells have dropped below 1.0 volt before the end of the specified capacity test time, stop discharge. The battery has successfully completed the capacity test.

If any cells have dropped below 1.0 volt before the end of the specified capacity test time, do not stop discharge. The battery must be reconditioned (deep cycled).

		1-hou	r rating	Capacity Test		
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
ATCA21H20	20	24	20	51	20	20
ATSP280	20	24	28	51	28	20
ATSP-44	20	24	44	51	44	20
ATSPP400	20	24	40	51	40	20
BTCA7	19	24	12	51	12	19
BTMA5	19	24	40	51	40	19
BTSP400	20	24	40	51	40	20
CA101	19	22.8	13	51	13	19
CA103	19	22.8	13	51	13	19
CA106	19	22.8	13	51	13	19
CA10N	19	22.8	13	51	13	19
CA125	19	22.8	3	51	3	19
CA125-20	20	24	3	51	3	20
CA126	20	24	3	51	3	20
CA13	11	13.2	40	51	40	11
CA138	11	13.2	38	51	38	11
CA139	11	13.2	28	51	28	11
CA154	19	22.8	14	51	14	19
CA154-20	20	24	15	51	15	20
CA15A	9	10.8	12	51	12	9
CA15B	10	12	12	51	12	10
CA16N	20	24	36	51	36	20
CA1700	20	24	17	51	17	20

Marathon Vented Nickel-Cadmium Batteries

Marathon Vented Nickel-Cadmium Batteries (cont)

		1-hou	r rating	Capacity Test		
				Discharge	Discharge	Cutoff
			Ampere	time	current	voltage
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	-hours	(min)	(amperes)	(volts)
CA170A	20	24	17	51	17	20
CA176	20	24	17	51	17	20
CA20H	19	22.8	20	51	20	19
CA20H-20	20	24	20	51	20	20
CA21H-1	19 20	22.8 24	20 20	51 51	20 20	19 20
CA21H-20		24 22.8	20		20 24	
CA27 CA27-20	20	22.0	24	51 51	24	20
CA21-20 CA31	19	24	3	51	3	19
CA376	20	22.0	40	51	40	20
CA376 CA400	20	24	40	51	40	20
CA400	19	22.8	36	51	36	19
CA51	19	22.0	5.5	51	5.5	19
CA5-20	20	24	36	51	36	20
CA5-20 CA53	19	24	5.5	51	5.5	19
CA54	19	24	5.5	51	5.5	19
CA54 CA5H	19	22.8	40	51	40	19
CA5H-20	20	24	40	51	40	20
CA7	19	22.8	13	51	13	19
CA727-20	20	24	24	51	24	20
CA727-4	19	22.8	24	51	24	19
CA727-7	19	22.8	24	51	24	19
CA727-9	20	24	24	51	24	20
CA9	19	22.8	24	51	24	19
CA91-20	20	24	24	51	24	20
CA9-20	20	24	24	51	24	20
GTSP400	20	24	40	51	40	20
KSP400	20	24	40	51	40	20
KTCA21H20	20	24	20	51	20	20
MA2-1	19	22.8	65	120	32.5	19
MA2-2	19	22.8	65	120	32.5	19
MA300H	19	22.8	3	51	3	19
MA5	19	22.8	40	51	40	19
MA500H	19	22.8	5.5	51	5.5	19
MA5-20	20	24	40	51	40	20
SP138	11	13.2	38	51	38	11
SP1700	20	24	17	51	17	20
SP170A	20	24	17	51	17	20
SP176	20	24	17	51	17	20
SP276	20	24	24	51	24	20
SP280	20	24	28	51	28	20
SP376	20	24	40	51	40	20
SP400	20	24	40	51	40	20
SP401	20	24	38	51	38	20
SP410	20	24	40	51	40	20
SP444-L	20	24	44	51	44	20
SP747	20	24 24	38 24	51	38 24	20 20
SP900	20 20	24	24	51 51	24	20
SP910 STMA5		24	40	51	40	20 19
STMA5 STMA5-20	20	22.8	40	51	40	20
STMA5-20 STSP400	20	24	40	51	40	20
STSP930	20	24	40 24	51	40 24	20
3135330	20	24	24	ยา	24	20

SAFT

Discharge the battery at a rate not to exceed C_1 amperes (for example 40 amperes for a 40 ampere-hour battery). Record the time at the start of the discharge and the discharge current. Monitor the cell voltages periodically during the discharge. Record the time at which the first cell reaches 1.0 volt. It is not a cause for concern if a cell goes to zero volts or reverse polarity during battery discharge. Simply short out such cell's terminals for the remainder of the discharge. Stop the discharge, and record the time when the battery terminal voltage corresponds to 1.0 volt per cell (20 volts for a 20 cell battery).

Calculate the elapsed time T_{R} required to discharge the first cell to 1.0 volt and the elapsed time T_{R} required to discharge the battery to an average of 1.0 volts per cell.

With the above information make the following calculations:

- Minimum cell capacity $C_{A} = T_{A}$ (in hours) x Discharge current
- Battery capacity $C_{B} = T_{B}$ (in hours) x Discharge current

If the minimum cell capacity C_A is greater than 85% (100% for VHP batteries) of the rated capacity of the battery (C_B will in this case also be greater than 85% of rated capacity), the battery can be placed back into service.

If the minimum cell capacity C_A is less than 85% (100% for VHP batteries) of the rated capacity the battery should be given a deep cycle and recharged.

		1-hou	r rating	Capacity Test		
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
19VO3	19	22.8	3	to cutoff	3	19
20VO3	20	24	3	to cutoff	3	20
1201	19	22.8	12	to cutoff	12	19
12101	19	22.8	12	to cutoff	12	19
1600	20	24	16	to cutoff	16	20
2353	19	22.8	23	to cutoff	23	19
2371	20	24	23	to cutoff	23	20
12150	20	24	23	to cutoff	23	20
23180	20	24	23	to cutoff	23	20
23390	20	24	23	to cutoff	23	20
23491	20	24	23	to cutoff	23	20
2500	20	24	25	to cutoff	25	20
2520	20	24	25	to cutoff	25	20
4000A1	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20
4050A1	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20
4071	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20
4080	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20
40100	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20
10152	11	13.2	40	to cutoff	40	11

"VO" Standard

"VP" Low Impedance

		1-hou	r rating		Capacity Test	
				Discharge	Discharge	Cutoff
			Ampere	time	current	voltage
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	-hours	(min)	(amperes)	(volts)
605	19	22.8	6	to cutoff	6	19
616	20	24	6	to cutoff	6	20
1277	19	22.8	14	to cutoff	14	19
12777	19	22.8	15	to cutoff	15	19
1656	20	24	15	to cutoff	15	20
16156	20	24	15	to cutoff	15	20
16256	20	24	15	to cutoff	15	20
16356	20	24	15	to cutoff	15	20
1606	20	24	16	to cutoff	16	20
16556	20	24	16	to cutoff	16	20
1756	20	24	17	to cutoff	17	20
2026	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
20126	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
2376	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
23176	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
23186	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
23376	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
23476	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
23576	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
23676	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
2386-1	20	24	22	to cutoff	22	20
2506	20	24	23	to cutoff	23	20
25106	20	24	23	to cutoff	23	20
40253	11	13.2	36	to cutoff	36	11
40353	11	13.2	42	to cutoff	42	11
4006A	20	24	36	to cutoff	36	20
40206	20	24	36	to cutoff	36	20
4076	20	24	36	to cutoff	36	20
4076-11	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20
4076-13	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20
40153	11	13.2	36	to cutoff	36	11
40176	20	24	36	to cutoff	36	20
40376	20	24	36	to cutoff	36	20
401176	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20
40576	20	24	36	to cutoff	36	20
40676	20	24	36	to cutoff	36	20
40776	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20
5103	22	26.4	50	to cutoff	50	22

		1-hou	r rating	Capacity Test		
Battery Model	#Cells	Volts	Ampere -hours	Discharge time (min)	Discharge current (amperes)	Cutoff voltage (volts)
1608	20	24	17	to cutoff	17	20
1658	20	24	17	to cutoff	17	20
2758	20	24	23	to cutoff	23	20
2378	20	24	26	to cutoff	26	20
23578	20	24	26	to cutoff	26	20
26108	20	24	26	to cutoff	26	20
2708	20	24	27	to cutoff	27	20
2778	20	24	27	to cutoff	27	20
27278	20	24	27	to cutoff	27	20
27378	20	24	27	to cutoff	27	20
27478	20	24	27	to cutoff	27	20
3759	20	24	37	to cutoff	37	20
40118	20	24	37	to cutoff	37	20
4059	20	24	37	to cutoff	37	20
4079	20	24	37	to cutoff	37	20
4078	20	24	43	to cutoff	43	20
40208	20	24	43	to cutoff	43	20
40378	20	24	43	to cutoff	43	20
40678	20	24	43	to cutoff	43	20
40678-1	20	24	45	to cutoff	45	20
40678-4	20	24	45	to cutoff	45	20
40878	20	24	45	to cutoff	45	20
4579	20	24	40	to cutoff	40	20

"VHP" Very High Power

1 YEAR WARRANTY

POWER PRODUCTS warrants its products to be free from defects in workmanship and material for a one year period from the date of shipment to the distributor, original equipment manufacturer (OEM), or original end user. If any product shall prove to be defective during the warranty period, POWER PRODUCTS will repair or replace such part.

There are no warranties which extend beyond the description on the face hereof. This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, express or implied. POWER PRODUCTS excludes liability for incidental and consequential damages.

An action for breach of this warranty must be commenced within one year after the breach is or should have been discovered.

POWER PRODUCTS specifically disclaims all other representations to the first user/ purchaser, and all other obligations or liabilities. No person is authorized to give any other warranties or to assume any liabilities on POWER PRODUCTS' behalf.

CERTIFICATION OF CALIBRATION

BATTERY TESTER/ANALYZER - MODEL BETA D-50

APPLICATION:			d or nickel-cadmium nergency capacity.	aircraft batteries,
SPECIFICATIONS:	 Control kn Adjustable batteries a Cutoff volt 	ob adjustment f e discharge volta and from single o age accuracy:	±10% 50/60 Hz - sel for discharge current age cutoff, for 12 and cell to 24 volt nickel-o -0.6 volts to +0.3 vo Voltmeter ± 0.2 volts Ammeter ± 0.2 amp Timer 0.1% of prese	l 24 volt lead-acid cadmium batteries lts s eres
NOTES:	B. Calibrating • Me • St • V/	g instruments us eter: FLUKE Mo nunt: EMPRO S MV standard, E	odel 8010A & 73III	DC volts DC mV
UNIT:		BATTERY TES	STER / ANALYZER	
MODEL:		BETA D-50		
SERIAL #:				
CALIBRATION DUE:		ONCE A YEAF	R	
SHIPPED CONDITION	l:	CALIBR	ATED / IN TOLERA	NCE - PASSED
PROCEDURE:		33K6-4-2193-1		
ENVIRONMENTAL CO	ONDITIONS:	74°F 38% R.H.		
DATE OF FIRST USE	1		_	

Power Products Inc. certifies that the above listed instrument meets or exceeds all published specifications. It has been calibrated using Standards MIL-STD 45208 whose accuracies are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

DATE MANUFACTURED: ______ S/N: _____ SIGNATURE: _____

POWER PRODUCTS INC. • 27 PAMARON WAY, SUITE E • NOVATO • CA 94949 Tel: (415) 883-6300 • Fax: (415) 883-6302



Designer and manufacturer of aircraft lead-acid and nickel-cadmium battery support equipment since 1980. Headquarters and main plant located in Novato,CA Technical support in California and New York City.

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